THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,

CONTAINING

The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.

WITH A MAP OF INDIA.

Corrected up to March 1889.

BOMBAY:

Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.

PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,701—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1889.

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Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.

Prices from

Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve.. } Rs. 21 to
"Heart Bottle Whisky"—Scotch ... ... } Rs. 29-12 per
"Napier Johnstone"—Square Bottle ... } doz. bottles.
"Glentromie" ... ... }
"Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish" ... ... }

Examine cork, label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Tuesday. 1889.
†	SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell....	27thAug.
BL	THAMES.....	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	3rd Sept.
†	ASSAM.....	3038	500	C. Gadd	10th ,,
					Friday.
BL	GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton	20th Sept.
†	SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	27th ,,
BL	ORIENTAL ...	5500	1000	E. Stewart	4th Oct.
†	ASSAM	3038	500	C. Gadd	11th ,,
BL	CLYDE.....	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt.....	18th ,,
†	SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	25th ,,
BL	PENINSULAR	5500	1000	J Orman	1st Nov.

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A steam-barge leaves the Company's Dockyard at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a.m. on the day of sailing.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	1889. On or about
SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester.	29th Aug.
PESHAWUR ..	3927	600	L. H. Moule	2th Sept.
MALWA.....	2970	500	G. W. H. Browne	29th ,,
CORONANDEL.	4499	800	I. Reeves	10th Oct.
KAISER-I-HIND	4003	700	W. Atkinson	24th ,,
THAMES.....	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	7th Nov.

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For further particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 5th August 1889.

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D. BALDUINO.....	5,000 800	20th Oct.	20th Nov.
MANILLA	5,000 800	10th Nov.	10th Dec.

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Steamer.	To sail
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Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Aug. 9, 1889.

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Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
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POSEIDON	F.Kossovich	4,200	600	5th Oct.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer

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	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 1[illegible]

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TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI...	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

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Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAMER TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
ORION.....	B. Vidos.....	3,500	550	10th Sept.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowa, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

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Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
AMPHITRITE.....	L. Lemesich ..	4,200	600	14th Sept.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 14th Aug. 1889.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	To sail.
ARMENIA	Geo Read	3,095	7th Sept.
PERSIA.....	Hutchison	3,547	20th ,,

THE above steamers will sail as above. Carry a Surgeon and Stewardess and have every comfort for first class passengers. All the state rooms are on the upper deck.

For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 12th Aug. 1889. Agents.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	To sail
CLAN SINCLAIR..	Kewley	3,000	on or about 24th Aug.

BOMBAY TO ANTWERP DIRECT.

CLAN BUCHANAN.	W. Millar....	3,000 on or about 28th Aug.

THE Saloon and State Rooms are all on the upper deck and are fitted with every requisite for comfort. Separate Music and Smoking Rooms. Surgeon and Stewardess carried. For particulars as to rates, passages, &c., apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.

Forbes Street, Bombay.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MERTON HALL.....	J. Hughes	4100	500	13th Sept.

These Steamers have good accommodation for a limited number of passengers at moderate rates, but carry no Surgeon and Stewardess.

For further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES AND CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 19th July 1889.

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PASSAGES BOOKED by P. and O. and all other steamers without charge for commission. A pamphlet giving rates and full particulars forwarded on application. Grindlay's Handbook for Travellers may also be had free.

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THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 21st August, at noon, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on 18th August, after arrival of Outward English Mail, transferring Persian Gulf Mails and Passengers on arrival at Kurrachee to the Gulf steamer.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ASIA," 1,766 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 23rd August, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S. S. "JAVA," 1,465 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 5th September, at 3 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KANGRA," 1,978 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 28th August.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "ORIENTAL," 862 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 24th August.

FOR RANGOON.

THE S. S. "BYCULLA," 1,903 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 7th September.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 21st August, 1889. Agents.

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PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent, and to all parts of the Globe. Reductions to Family Parties and Missionaries.

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KOUSANIE MIXTURE, a well-known specialty from the Kousanie Gardens.	1 lb. packets, per packet	1	6
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	5 lb. catties, per catty	6	12
SOUCHONG, Finest, in 2 lb. packets	...per packet	2	12
PEKOE, Finest, in 2 lb. packets	...per packet	3	0
HYSON, Young (green)	...1 lb. packet	1	10
ORANGE PEKOE, Finest	...1 lb. packet	1	10
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450	Bore Sporting, 9 Shots.....	Rs. 100.
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450	,, Single Express (taking 125 grains powder)	Rs. 65.
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Apply to

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GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS.

COCKLE'S PILLS,

OF PURE VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS AND FREE FROM MERCURY.

4, Great Ormond-street, W. C.

A RIDE TO KHIVA,

BY CAPTAIN FRED. BURNABY, ROYAL HORSE GUARDS.

PAGE 18 says:—

"Two pairs of boots, lined with fur, were also taken; and for physic, with which it is as well to be supplied when travelling in out-of-the-way places—some Quinine and Cockle's Pills—the latter a most invaluable medicine and one which I have used on the natives of Central Africa with the greatest possible success. In fact, the marvellous effects produced upon the mind and body of an Arab Sheik, who was impervious to all native medicines, when I administered to him five

COCKLE'S PILLS,

will never fade from my memory; and a friend of mine, who passed through the same district many months afterwards, informed me that my fame as a 'medicine man' had not died out, but that the marvellous cure was even then a theme of conversation in the bazaar."

THE PHARMACOPŒIA.

An extract from the second edition (page 188) of the translation of the Pharmacopœia of the Royal College of Physicians of London, by Dr. G. F. Collier, published by Longman and Company:—

"It is no small defect in this compilation (speaking of the new Pharmacopœia) that we have no purgative mass but what contains aloes, yet we know that hæmorrhoidal persons cannot bear aloes, except in the form of

COCKLE'S PILLS,

which chiefly consist of aloes, scammony, and colocynth, which, I think, are formed into a sort of compound extract, the acridity of which is obviated, I suspect, by an alkaline process, and by a fourth ingredient (unknown to me) of an aromatic tonic nature. I think no better and no worse of it for its being a patent medicine. I look at it as an article of commerce and domestic convenience, and do not hesitate to say it is the best made Pill in the Kingdom; a muscular purge, a mucous purge, and a hydrogogue purge combined, and their effects properly controlled by a dirigent and corrigent. That it does not commonly produce hæmorrhoids, like most aloetic pills, I attribute to its being thoroughly soluble, so that no undissolved particles adhere to the mucous membrane."

COCKLE'S ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.

These Pills consist of a careful and peculiar admixture of the best and mildest vegetable aperients, with the pure extract of the flowers of the Camomile. They will be found a most efficacious remedy for derangement of the digestive organs and for torpid action of the liver and bowels, which produce indigestion and several varieties of bilious and liver complaints. They speedily remove irritation and the feverish state of the stomach—allay spasms—correct the morbid condition of the liver and organs subservient to digestion—promote a due and healthy secretion of bile, and relieve the constitution of all gouty matter and other impurities, which, by circulating in the blood, must injuriously effect the action of the kidneys—thus by removing the causes productive of so much discomfort, they restore the energies both on body and mind. To those who indulge in the luxuries of the table, these Pills will prove highly useful, occasioning no pain in their action, unless they meet with an unusual quantity of acrid bile and acid matter in the stomach and bowels. To Europeans on their arrival in India or China they are recommended as a preservative against the fatal disorders peculiar to tropical climates. Their occasional use, if combined with the strictest attention to diet will be frequently found to remove at once by their influence over the secretions that congestive and unhealthy condition of the liver which is so often the earliest antecedent of severe febrile and constitutional disturbance. It must be understood that these Pills are not recommended as containing any new or dangerously active ingredients; on the contrary, they are characterised by a remarkable simplicity of combination; and whatever merit they may be found to possess depends as much upon the selection of pure drugs and the unusual labour and attention bestowed upon their subsequent preparation, as upon the acknowledged peculiarity of their composition. They are not recommended as a panacea, nor are they adapted to all complaints; but as a mild and efficacious aperient and tonic in the various forms of indigestion, it will not, perhaps, be an exaggeration to state that they have been resorted to under all systems of diet, changes of climate, or atmospheric alterations, with an extraordinary degree of success for 86 years. This celebrated family aperient may be had throughout the United Kingdom in boxes 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s., as well as in India, China, New Zealand, and the Australian colonies.

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(HIGHEST AWARD.)

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Zinc-lined case, Rs. 25 extra.	Zinc-lined case, Rs. 25 extra.	Zinc-lined case, Rs. 25 extra.
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BRILLIANT IN TONE.
LIGHT AND ELASTIC TOUCH.
SOLID IN CONSTRUCTION.
EXCELLENT FINISH.
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

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CIVIL AND MILITARY BOOT-MAKERS.

PER S. S. "CLYDE."

	Rs.	a.	
Ladies, Real Russia, Oxford Shoes, 1st quality.....	11	8	per pair.
,, ,, ,, Court Shoes, ,, ...	8	0	,,
,, Glace, Kid Oxford Shoes, ,, ...	12	8	,,
,, ,, Court ,, ,, ...	7	8	,,
,, ,, ,, ,, Jet beaded toes, 1st quality.....	9	0	,,
,, Brown Calf Oxford, Shoes	10	8	,,
,, ,, Court ,, ...	6	8	,,
,, Tan Suede Court Shoes	6	8	,,
,, Slate ,, ,, ...	6	8	,,
,, Tuscan ,, ,, ...	6	8	,,
,, Satin Court Shoes, White, Cream, Blue, Pink, Brown and Black ... from	9	0	,,
,, ,, ,, beaded Toes ..... from Rs.	10-8 to 11	8	,,
Children's Black Morrocco Oxford Shoes soft and durable ..... from Rs.	4-8 to 7	0	,,
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BADHAM, PILE AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY, POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

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THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

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PUBLIC ATTENTION is specially invited to the following NEW and MOST ADVANTAGEOUS METHOD of ASSURANCE under the

TREBLE BENEFIT
ENDOWMENT POLICIES

NOW issued by this Company, which provides for a Payment to the Assured himself on attaining a specified age; or he can purchase a Pension, if he so desires, for the rest of life; or the Sum Assured is payable to his Representative at the previous death of the Assured, thus comprising in one contract the TREBLE BENEFIT of an Endowment, a Pension payable during life, or as a Family Provision payable at Death.

ENQUIRY-FORM
AS TO THE COST OF
A Sum to be received at a specified age
(or at Death, if previous),
with the ALTERNATIVE of
A Pension for Life after that age.

The undersigned having been Born on the Day of 18 what would be the Annual Payment to secure Rs. to be Paid when he is aged 50,* or at his death, if sooner?

Also, what Yearly Pension for the rest of Life may be obtained at the latter age, if then desired, in exchange for the above sum?

Name
Address
Occupation
188

Full Particulars on Application, and Forms of Proposal for effecting Assurances may be had from—

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary,
Albert Building, Bombay,
or any of the Agents of the Company.

* This may be altered to 40, 45, 55, or 60.

FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,, 3,000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., (exclusive re-insurances) CAPITAL	M6,000,000
The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,, 6,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,, 7,500,000
The LUBECK FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,, 3,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co. of 1877, CAPITAL	,, 2,600,000
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,, 2,000,000
FIRE INSURANCE Co., "NSULINDE," CAPITAL	1,000,00

MARINE INSURANCE.

The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£ 3,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	,, 2,000,000
The BADEN MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	M6,000,000
The NEW SWISS LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE CO.	

THE FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED who can offer ALL FACILITIES and MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS. ALL CLAIMS PROMPTLY SETTLED IN BOMBAY. Rates and other particulars can be obtained on application.

VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

PERRIER JOUET & CO.'S
"B." BRAND
CHAMPAGNE,
in magnums, Quarts and Pints.
LYON & CO.,
Sole Agents, Bombay.

A BOON TO MEN

Who suffer from NERVUS DEBILITY LOST VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, KIDNEY DISEASES, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by *local absorption*, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application.
The MARSTON REMEDY & Co., 249 High Holborn, LONDON.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B41 PILLS

warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones. Of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottle. Thousands of testimonials.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$7,500,000
RESERVE FUND	$4,300,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$7,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:
Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.
Deputy-Chairman—H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq.
Hon. John Bell-Irving. | S. C. Michaelson, Esq.
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J. F. Holliday, Esq. | N. A. Siebs, Esq.
Hon. B. Layton. | E. A. Solomon, Esq.
Chief Manager—G. E. NOBLE, Esq.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING Co., Ld.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

Amoy.	Hankow.	Penang.
Bankok.	Hiogo.	Saigon.
Batavia.	Iloilo.	San Francisco.
Bombay.	Lyons.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	Manila.	Tientsin.
Foochow.	New York.	Yokohama.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. on daily balances.
On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent.
Terms for shorter periods on application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Acting Agent.

THE NATIONAL MORTGAGE BANK, LD., BOMBAY.
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act.
CAPITAL Rs. 2,00,000,
In shares of Rs. 25 each.

LOANS.—Loans granted on the security of all descriptions of Property and Jewels at moderate Rates of Interest.

DEPOSITS FOR FIXED PERIODS.—Deposits for Fixed Periods are received at the following advantageous rates, and receipts issued for sums of Rs. 100 and upwards.

INTEREST PAID QUARTERLY OR HALF-YEARLY

6	per cent. per annum for 12 months certain.		
5	,, ,,	9	,,
4	,, ,,	6	,,
3	,, ,,	3	,,

SUMS OF Rs. 1,000 and upwards, for longer periods received at SPECIAL RATES.

All REMITTANCES should be made PAYABLE to THE NATIONAL MORTGAGE BANK, LIMITED, BOMBAY.

LYALL, HENDERSON & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.
Colaba Causeway, Bombay, 1st Aug., 1889.

THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.
CAPITAL—£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND—£1,05,000.
BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 3 (three) per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

Manager.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTIONS OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows:—

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY—*Delivered free.*

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Ten Lines and under—
First insertion ... Rs. 5
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Third do. ,, 2-8
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All advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which make an inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion ... As. 8 per line.
Second do. ... 4½ ,,
Third do. ... 2½ ,,
In the Native Languages, double the above.
For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

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SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted, or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings, to the Change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follows:—
Not exceeding three lines ... Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line ... ,, 0-8
No Advertisement will be inserted for less than one *rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

BOMBAY GAZETTE.
BI-WEEKLY EDITION
TO SUBSCRIBERS

IN BOMBAY.		UP-COUNTRY	
Per Annum	Rs. 12	Per Annum	Rs. 15
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BOMBAY GAZETTE.
OVERLAND SUMMARY
Post Free.

Per Annum	Rs. 12
Half-yearly	,, 6
Quarterly	,, 3

BOMBAY GAZETTE.
WEEKLY BUDGET.
Post Free.

Per Annum	Rs. 12
Half-yearly	,, 6
Quarterly	,,

CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS, and other Remittances should be made payable to "the proprietor" of the *Bombay Gazette*.

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on 19 June, 2017

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	13 pct.	937½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	All	10 do.	1,005xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	All	14 do.	940
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£.	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	122
Hong. and Shanghai..	60,000	3,125	..	17½ do.	219
National Bank	37,320	250	125	5 do.	165

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,000
Empire Fire	..	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	800
Indian Fire	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,000
Prince of Wales.....	230	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,900

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,200
Albert Ginning Co.....	100	500	500	Rs. 20	450
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	735
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	265
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	390
Breul's Cawnpore P.	0	20	200	Rs. 16	105
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	2	125	Rs. 20	145
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 265	410
East India Press Co..	0	1,090	1,000	Rs. 130	1,100
English Press & Mfg.	400	259	..	..	240
Fort Press Co.....	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 0	1,500
French Press Co.....	300	500	500	Rs. 80	505xd
Harvey & Sabapathy Khangaum Cotton Press Co	240	450	All	Rs. 45	410
Manmar Manfg. Co....	1,000	250	250	Rs. 0	245
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. ..	57½
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 0	150
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,350	500	500	Rs. 0	560
New Indian Press.....	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	922
Prince of W. Press ..	600	500	100	Rs. 30	400
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.).....	500	500	500	Rs. 50	500
Sind Press Co.....	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	475
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.....	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	1,150
Sassoon Press Co.....	300	500	50	Rs. 25	515
Volkart Press.....	605	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	665
KhamgaumManfg.Co	400	..	250	..	250nl.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W.	1,308	1,000	1,000	..	1300
Albert Edward Mills	..	0	500	R	400
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	Rs. 3	93
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld..	1,000	500	500	..	300
Ahmedabad Ginning	700	1,000	1,000	..	..
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co..	4,800	125	125	..	..
Ambica S. & M. Co..	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	..
Alliance Cotton Mfg.	1,800	1 00	1,000	Rs. 25	575
Bellary S. & W. Mill.	871	500	500	Rs. 25	570
Bombay Cotton Mfg.	600	500	500	Rs. 25	420
Bombay United S. & W. Co.....	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	730
Berar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	200	200	Rs. 0	140
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	4,500	500	500	Rs. 50	1,150
CityofBombay Mfg. Ld	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,080
Colaba Land & Mill Ld	4,000	700	700	Rs. 25	710
Connaught Mills Ld..	840	0	500	Rs. 10	645xd.
Coorla S. & W. Ld. ..	1,300	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	475
David Mills Co. Ld. ..	1,800	500	Rs. 40	Rs. 25	525
Dhun Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,025
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,415½	50	500	Rs. 25	675
Framjee Petit S. and (M)fg. Co., Ld.	950	1 00	1,000	Rs. 30	560
Gordon S. & Mfg. Co.	700	150	150	Rs. 20	130
Guzerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limite ..	..	1,000	1,000	..	..
Guzerat S. & W. Co.,	420	1,000	1,00	...	83
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld....	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	800
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,530	500	500	...	655x.
Hingunghat Mill Co.,	700	575	500	Rs. 37½	725
Hyderabad Deccan	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	730
Indian Mfg. Co., Ld...	800	1,000	1,00	Rs. 50	1,020
Imperial Cotton Mills	1,360	500	5	Rs. 25	540
Jamshed Mfg. Co..	1,600	25	25	Rs. 15	315
James Greaves Mill	1,320	5	5	Rs. 2	665xd
Jaffer Ali S. & W. Co., Ld., Original..	600	50	1	..	100
Increased ..	1,483	25	2	Rs. 1	..
Jubilee Mfg. Co Ld...	..	900	1,000	..	775
Jewraj Balloo S. & W.	1,100	1,000	1,00	Rs. 45	985
Khandesh S. & W.	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	615
Khattow Makanjee S.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	690
Lukhmidas Khimjee	1,000	00	1,00	Rs. 50	975
Leopold S. Bleaching	3,500	0	100	Rs. 50	146
Madras United S.	5000	..	1,000	Rs. 100	2,027
Mahaluxmi S. & W.	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	500
Maharaja Mysore S.	4,500	100	100	Rs. 7	105
Mazagon S. & Mfg.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 5	122½
Manjee Goculdas S.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,665
Manecklee Petit Mfg.	1,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,205
Naigaum Cotton Cleaning and Mfg.	1,300	10	100	..	10
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,0	1,000	Rs. 25	680
National S. & W. Co	600	1,00	1,000	..	250
Oriental S & W. Co.,	5,720	..	625	Rs. 10	403
People of India S. ..	1,000	50	250	Rs. ..	65
Presidency Mills Co.,	743	1,00	1,000	Rs. 30	1,085
Prince of Wales S. ..	2,187	..	125	..	30
Queen S. & W. Co..	799	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	825xd.
Ripon Mfg. Co., Ld..	841	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5	1,200xd.
sson S.& W.Co.,Ld..	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,59
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld. ..	1,710	500	500	...	450
Sholapore S.& W.Co.		10	1,000	Rs. 60	1,350
Soonderdas S. & W.	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	460
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	Rs. 15	287½
Swadeshi MillsCo,Ld.	4,000	500	500	..	375
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	800
Victoria Mfg.Co.....	600	0	1,000	Rs. 25	350
Veeramgaum S.& Mfg	600	..	500	..	..
Western India S. ..	1,200	1,000	..	Rs. 25	540

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent.	...	£10	All	at 5 p.c	2,550
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent...	...	£ 18	...	at 5 p.c	520

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Asandown	{ 1,000 / 750	200 / 150	200 / 150	} 10 / } p.ct	200 / 142
Badham Pile & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 16	160
Bapty Co., Ld.....	625	..	185	Nil	60
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.....	..	00	0	6 p.c.	606
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	610
Bombay Ice Co., Ld..	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	78
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	165	Rs.	3,625
Do. (3rd Issue) ...	2,000	62	375	Rs.	905
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c.	1072
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	..	500	..	390
Cooper, Madon Ld ...	3,000	100	100	Rs	11
Deccan Paper Mills ...	1,000	500	500	Nil	470
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	..	155
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Suretyship As.....	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25	..	5
Kurrachee Lighterage	500	256	250	...	75
Kemp & Co., Ld.....	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26	390
Marcks & Co., Ld.....	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	83xd
Napier Hotel Co.....	300	100	100	13 p.c.	..
Napier Foundry	1,500	100	100	...	100
Oriental Government Security Life As.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	210
Oriental Loan Asso.	5,000	20	20	8 p.s.	20
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	1000	Rs. 19	390
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	Nil	52
Phillips & Co., Ld.....	4,000	100	100	Rs.	100
Soundy & Co., Ld.....	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	90
Southwell and Austin.	1,000	...	95	...	105
Telephone Co., Ld.....	19,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	10½
Treacher & Co., Ld....	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,240
Thacker & Co., Ld....	1,500	100	..	Rs. 10	135
Western India Flour M. M. Mody & Co.....	000	1	125	Nil.	3,435 48

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 15
Carolas	,, 248
Mexican Dollars	,, 224
Five-Franc Pieces	,, 289
Bar Silver, 17½ be terness	,, 106-7
Gold Leaf	,, 23-6
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	,, 23-12
Australian Gold, 100 touch	,, 23-11-7
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	,, 23-11-0
Pekin	,, 23-3-2

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	99½
Four-and-a-half per cent.....	103½
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	102½
Six per cent. Municipal Loan House Rate....	..
New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872.....	..
City of Paris Loan	230
Port Trust Bonds.....	97

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.	Rate
London Banks.....	On demand	Is. 4 3-16d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	Is. 4 5-32d.
Do. do.	3 Months sight.	Is. 4 4d.
Do. do.	4 Do do....	Is. 4 3-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do....	Is. 4 11-32d.
Do. Credit	3 Do do....	Is. 4 11-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do do....	Is. 4 15-32d.
Do. Documents.	3 Do do....	Is. 4 3d.
Do. do.	6 Do do....	Is. 4 1d.
France.....	3 Do do....	1-72
Do.	6 Do. do....	1-73½
Calcutta.....	At sight	100 1-16
Do.	60 days do....	99½
Madras	At sight	100 1-16
Do.	30 days' do....	99½
China	60 Do. do....	221½

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 20th August, 1889.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·748
Temperature of the Air	81·5
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78·0
Dew Point	76·7
Relative humidity of Air	855
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10).	8·8
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a. m., next day).....	85·1
Minimum do. do (read at 8 a.m.)	77·0
General Directions of Wind.*	WSW, W, WSW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	463
Fall of Rain.....	0·22
Total fall during month	8·35
year	59·36
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 21st August	0·00

* From midnight to midnight.

BOMBAY.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Sculptor (s), for Persian Gulf ; Assyria (s), Kurrachee and Persian Gulf ; and Cuba (s), Dunkirk and Amsterdam.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Armenia entered, and the steamer Assyria left the dock yesterday.

FAIR.—The annual Pittori Fair will be held at Walkeshwar on Sunday next, and will continue for five successive days.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.—The statement of traffic for the week ending 17th August 1889 shows a decrease of Rs. 1,70,668 in receipts.

ESCAPE FROM A REFORMATORY.—A boy named Curreem, aged 18 years, belonging to the David Sassoon Reformatory, who was sent to work along with other boys of the Reformatory at the Bombay Gas Works, Parel, in charge of a police ramoosee of the institute, absconded on Tuesday last.

A DEFAULTING BUTCHER.—Futtu Hoosein, a butcher, was yesterday charged by Enoch Salomon, market inspector, at the Girgaum Police Court, before Mr. P. Ryan, with bringing meat for sale into the City of Bombay from Coorla without a permit from the Municipal Commissioner. Accused, on pleading guilty to the charge, was convicted and fined Rs. 10.

ALLEGED INFANTICIDE.—Yesterday at the Girgaum Police Court Inspector Guider charged a woman named Latiffa before Mr. P. Ryan with having on the 8th instant caused the death of her new-born female child. On the application of the police officer the case was postponed for hearing to the 27th instant, to enable the Public Prosecutor to appear for the prosecution.

CRICKET : POONA GYMKHANA *vs.* HINDUS.—A match will be played to-morrow and on Saturday between the Poona Gymkhana and the Hindoo Cricket Club. The following are the names of the Hindoo players :—D. V. Mehta (captain), S. Motiwalla, M. Merchant, B. Joshi, D. Chouker, B. K. Rao, B. J. Bhendi, Ram, Gosami, H. R. Bunda, and L. B. Nayak. Umpire, Mr. D. B. Tapia.

ROBBING A CHILD.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday Inspector Stanford charged a Mahomedan named Shaik Mahomed before Mr. Hamilton with stealing a silver ornament from a child at the Arthur Crawford fish market on Tuesday morning last. The accused was arrested in the act by a policeman in plain clothes. Shaik Mahomed, on pleading guilty to the charge, was convicted and sentenced to ten days' rigorous imprisonment.

THE B. S. P. C. A.—During the month of July last 25 horses and 37 bullocks were sent to the Pinjrapole as being unfit for work at the instance of the agents of the Bombay Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals with the permission of the Presidency Magistrates and with the consent of the owners, while 39 bullocks and 6 horses were sent to the Bai Sakarbai Dinsha Petit Hospital for Animals at Parel for curative treatment during last montb.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—Constable Webb yesterday charged a Hindoo woman named Jeewee at the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. Hamilton with attempting to commit suicide by taking an overdose of opium on Tuesday morning last. The woman in her defence stated that her husband frequently quarrelled with her and she had no relatives to go to in order to avoid these quarrels. She, therefore, resolved to destroy herself. Jeewee was convicted and sentenced to two days' simple imprisonment.

REPORTED THEFTS.—Jakerlall Fakeerchund, a turban folder having his place of business on the ground floor of a house in Bholeshwar, reports that on Monday night last his shop was entered by opening the lock with a duplicate key and sundry articles, consisting of red cotton turbans, a silk sarree, an alpacca coat, and two strips of gold embroideries, of the collective value of Rs. 87, stolen therefrom.—Mahomedally Kadurbhoy, a tinsmith residing on the first floor of a house in Goghari Mohola reports that his room was entered during his absence on Tuesday last and property, consisting of gold and silver ornaments, cash, and wearing apparel, of the collective value of Rs. 213, stolen from a box, which he found broken open.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. C. P. Cooper Shaik Badoola Shaik Boodoo was brought up on remand and charged by Superintendent McDermott with highway robbery on a woman named Bujee. On Friday evening last at the back of the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital the accused and two other men came up, snatched some ornaments from the woman, and threw her down. A Parsee, appearing on the scene, brought a European police officer, and the accused was arrested. The other two men in the mean time effected their escape. The case against the accused, who in defence denied the charge, was remanded until to-day, in order that the Magistrate might consider the evidence whether he should commit the accused for trial at the Criminal Sessions of the High Court or deal with the case himself.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—An inquest was held by the coroner yesterday at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital respecting the death of Nubbee, aged 13 years. Deceased was an orphan Siddee boy brought up by a Mahomedan widow named Fatma and lived with her at the Two Tanks. On the 17th instant deceased was engaged for cleaning the bilge of the s. s. Ida, lying in the Victoria Dock. At 3 p.m. on that day deceased was on the quay, and while climbing up on board that ship by one of the fender lines, he lost his hold of the rope and fell backwards on his head on to the quay. He was picked up unconscious with blood issuing from one of his ears, and was at once removed to the hospital, where he remained unconscious up to the time of his death, which took place on Tuesday at midnight. The verdict was that the death of Nubbee was caused by fracture of the skull, the result of an accidental fall while climbing up a ship's side by a rope.

AN OLD KIDNAPPER AT WORK.—Yesterday at the Girgaum Police Court, Inspector Nolan brought up on remand and charged Khundoo Wittoo, a noted character, before Mr. P. Ryan, with kidnapping a minor, under the age of 16 years, named Wittoo, son of a fruit-seller named Jeejee, residing near Victoria Gardens, Byculla, on Sunday, the 11th instant, with the intent to steal from him (Wittoo) a silver anklet, valued at Rs. 5. It appears the accused enticed the boy into the Victoria Gardens. In the meantime the mother came looking for her son, when the boy ran up to her, and told her that the accused offered to give him a pice, and after taking him away insisted upon removing the silver anklet. The accused was handed over to the police. It was then discovered he was on several occasions convicted of robbing children of their ornament, and in the year 1887 he was convicted for that offence, and sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment. Khundoo Wittoo was convicted, and, on admitting his several previous convictions, was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

RAINFALL ON THE B. B. & C. I. R. LINE.

WE are indebted to the Agent, B. B. & C. I. Railway, for the following table of rainfall at stations along that line up to the week ending the 19th inst. :—

	In. cts.		In. cts.
Bandora	54 96	Baroda	32 31
Panjoo	62 83	Mehmadabad	28 38
Vaiturna	74 21	Ahmedabad	22 87
Palghur.....	72 70	Viramgam.....	25 13
Gholvad	53 90	Wadhwan	19 88
Damaun	62 39	Dabhoi	36 60
Bulsar	41 21	Sevalia	28 32
Navsari.....	40 48	Godhra	31 30
Surat.....	29 73	Kharaghola	13 60
Broach	27 84	Kim	31 24

POISONOUS HAIR RESTORERS AND DYES.—The public have frequently been warned in medical and other papers against using hair renewers and restorers which, being composed of poisonous and mineral ingredients, have a most detrimental effect on the hair and scalp. The only safe preparation is Rowland's Macassar Oil, which public esteem for the last 100 years has proved to be perfectly harmless and more beneficial in all cases of loss of hair, scurf, and dandriff. It prevents and arrests baldness, strengthens the growth of the hair, and produces soft, luxuriant and glossy hair. It is warranted free from any lead or mineral ingredients, and is also sold in a Golden Colour for fair and golden-haired ladies and Children. Rowland's Odonto is a pure non-gritty tooth powder ; it whitens the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, strengthens the gums, and gives a pleasing fragrance to the breath.—Ask chemists and perfumers for Rowland's articles, of 20, Hatton Garden, London, England.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

DEPARTURE.—AUGUST 19.

Preston, Surgn-Major, Bo. Med. Staff, on leave, to Poona.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut-Col the Hon L H Bayley, Commandant, Bo Vol R Corps.

Bombay, 22nd August, 1889.

1 The weekly Thursday drill in the Town Hall will commence at 8-30 to-night. N. C. Officers and Members are requested to attend, as there will be Skeleton Company drill for trained Volunteers as well as Squad drill for recruits.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

The following orders are notified :—

2. There will be practice as usual at Tent-pegging on the "Cooperage" at 7 a. m. on Saturday.

3. The Range at Colaba will be available for Members from 4 p. m. on Saturday.

By Order,

(Sd.) R. A. WILLIS, Captain, and Acting Adjutant, B. V. R. Corps.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS

By Major G. W. Roughton, Commandant, B. V. Artillery.

Bombay, 22nd August 1889.

There will be carbine drill at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m., this evening.

2. On Saturday next the Battery will parade opposite St. John's Church, Colaba, at 4-45 p.m., for drill with the 9-inch R. M. L. gun. Uniform with helmets.

By Order,

(Sd.) J. SANDERS SLATER, Lieut. and Acting Adjutant, B. V. A.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(Gazette of India, August 17, 1889.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The services of the undermentioned officers are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment in the Punjab Commission :

Lieutenant C. P. Thompson, Bengal S. C., 3rd Sikh Infantry, Punjab Frontier Force.

Lieutenant C. B. Rawlinson, Bombay S. C., 24th Bombay Infantry.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

The following promotions and reversions of officers of the Account Department in the month of July 1889 are notified :—

With effect from the 11th July 1889, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr R Logan,—

Mr E S Byrne to officiate as Accountant-General, Class III.

With effect from the 15th July 1889, in consequence of Mr E W Kellner's return to duty,—

Mr J E O'Conor to revert to Class II of the Enrolled List.

Mr H G H Cowie to revert to Class III.

Mr W H Dobbie to revert to Class IV.

Mr R C Chapman to revert to Class V.

Mr M N Bhattacharya to revert to Class VI, and

Mr M A Hydari to revert to the Class of Probationers.

With effect from the same date, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr J E Cooke,—

Mr H G Cowie to officiate in Class II of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 30th July 1889, in consequence of the grant of privilege leave to Mr T H S Biddulph,—

Mr A H Anthony to officiate in Class III of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 31st July 1889,—

Mr H J Brereton to officiate in Class III of the Enrolled List.

Mr R C Chapman to officiate in Class IV.

Mr M N Bhattacharya to officiate in Class V, and

Mr M A Hydari to officiate in Class VI.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-Major H J Hazlett, Indian Medical Service, Madras Establishment, is appointed to officiate as Examiner of Medical Accounts, Madras and Bombay Circles, with effect from the 8th August, 1889, during the absence of Brigade-Surgeon W S Fox, on furlough, or until further orders.

Lieutenant Frederic George Lucas, East Lancashire Regiment, officiating Wing Officer, 2nd Battalion 5th Gurkah Regiment, Punjab Frontier Force, is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps from the 1st August, 1888, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

Lieutenant Ramsay Frederick Clayton Gordon, Hampshire Regiment, Squadron Officer, 15th Bengal Cavalry, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps from the 2nd January, 1888, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India :

Major R C B Lawrence, 1st Dragoon Guards, District Staff Officer, 2nd class, (p a) for four months, under article 689, Army Regulations, Indian, volume I, part I.

Sub-Conductor D Kirk, Permanent Way Inspector, North-Western Railway, Public Works Department, (m c) for 132 days, under rule VI of the Regulations of 1875.

The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India :

Major C W Muir, C I E, Bengal S C, (p a) for four days.

Captain E U Marrett, Bengal S C (m c), for three months.

Captain P B Lindsell, Beugal S C, (p a) for seven days.

The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :

To be Colonels in the Army.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Graham Smith, Bengal General List Infantry,—11th August, 1889.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Richard Peart, Bombay Staff Corps,—12th August, 1889.

Store-Sergeants Francis Naylor and John Hutton to be Sub-Conductors, with effect from the 19th April and 10th June, 1889, respectively to complete the establishment.

Sub-Conductor John F Dwyer to be Conductor, and Store-Sergeant Henry Collis to be Sub-Conductor,—

With effect from the 13th July, 1889, *vice* Conductor W P Pickering, transferred to the pension establishment.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following promotion in and admission to the Order of British India, with effect from the date specified :

Bombay.

To the 1st Class, with the title of "Sardar Bahadur."

Risaldar Muhammad Bakhsh, Bahadur, 3rd Bombay Cavalry, vice pensioned Subadar-Major Moosaji Israel, Sardar Bahadur, deceased,—16th June, 1889.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of "Bahadur."

Resaidar Abdullah Khan, Aden Troop, vice Risaldar Muhammad Bakhsh, Bahadur, promoted,—16th June 1889.

Mussoorie Volunteer Rifle Corps—

Mr Edwin Arthur Murphy to be Lieutenant, with effect from the 8th June, 1887.

Mr. Frank Fitzherbert to be Second Lieutenant, vice Wilson, resigned.

Mr Charles Ulysse Lodge Rosselet Droux to be Second Lieutenant, vice Mulligan, resigned.

Mr Robert Terence O'Brien to be Second Lieutenant to complete the establishment.

Mr Charles Liddell to be second Lieutenant, vice Hanrahan, resigned.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps—Lieutenant W A M Partridge resigns his commission.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Mr A C Heron, Assistant Engineer, Indian Marine, has been permitted to resign the service, with effect from the 9th July, 1889.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenant-Colonel C Cunningham, RE, is posted permanently to the Central Provinces, with the rank of Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Mr F J E Spring, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, is appointed officiating Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, with effect from the 24th June, 1889, during the absence of Mr J R Bell, on privilege leave.

Mr J W Buyers, C I E, Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, sub pro tem, is appointed Engineer-in-Chief of the Mu Valley Railway, with effect from the date of his return from privilege leave.

RAINFALL ON THE B.-G.-J.-P. RAILWAY.

THE following is the return of rainfall registered at the undermentioned stations at 6 a.m. on the 18th and 19th August 1889 :—

	Ghadechi.	Songad.	Dhola.	Chuda.	Chital.	Jetpur.
	In.ct.	In.ct.	In.ct.	In.ct.	In.ct.	In.ct.
Previously reported	22 87	19 55	28 69	18 85	21 43	21 24
On 18th Aug...	...	...	...	0 4	...	...
On 19th Aug...	...	...	0 1	...	...	...
Total up to date	22 87	19 55	28 70	18 89	21 43	21 24

GENERAL ORDERS BY H. E. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

HEAD-QUARTERS, SIMLA, 12th August, 1889.

THE Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Lieutenant Colonel R A Prideaux, Assistant Judge Advocate General, to officiate as Deputy Judge Advocate General, vice Colonel H B Sanderson, dated 25th March 1889.

Captain K S Davison, 4th Bengal Cavalry, to officiate as District Staff Officer, 2nd class, Oudh District, with effect from date of joining, vice Dyce, officiating as District Staff Officer, 1st class.

3rd Bengal Cavalry.—Lieutenant C L Hamilton, Squadron Officer 12th Bengal Cavalry, is transferred in the same capacity, vice Baynes, who exchanges.

(Lieutenant Hamilton will be graded in the regiment above Lieutenant F L Moore, and below Lieutenant W E A Blakeney.)

10th Bengal Lancers—Lieutenant W H Fasken, Squadron Officer, to be Adjutant, vice Fagan, promoted to Captain, dated 10th January 1889.

12th Bengal Cavalry—Lieutenant D D Baynes, Squadron officer, 3rd Bengal Cavalry, is transferred in the same capacity, vice Hamilton, who exchanges.

(Lieutenant Baynes will be graded in the regiment above Lieutenant C H H Gough, and below Lieutenant C H Schlesinger.)

18th Bengal Infantry—Surgeon J F Evans, from the officiating medical charge of the 19th Punjab Infantry, to the medical charge of the regiment, vice Brigade Surgeon H Potter, appointed Medical Storekeeper, Allahabad.

19th Punjab Infantry—Surgeon A R Edwards to the officiating medical charge of the regiment, vice Surgeon Evans.

23rd Pioneers—Surgeon D M Davidson, from the officiating medical charge of the 18th Bengal Infantry, to the officiating medical charge of the regiment, vice Surgeon J H Sellick, transferred temporarily to Civil employment.

39th Bengal Infantry—2nd Lieutenant C S Eastmead, Manchester Regiment, a candidate for the Bengal Staff Corps, to be officiating Wing Officer on probation.

5th Punjab Cavalry—Surgeon G F W Braide, from the officiating medical charge of the 1st Sikh Infantry, to the officiating medical charge of the regiment, vice Surgeon H Fooks.

1st Sikh Infantry—Surgeon H Fooks, from the officiating medical charge of the 5th Punjab Cavalry, to the medical charge of the regiment, vice Surgeon A Silcock, MB, transferred to Civil employment.

With reference to G G O No 641, dated 19th July 1889, Captain F S Gwatkin, District Staff Officer, 2nd class, is posted to the Assam District.

Major R C B Lawrence, District Staff Officer, 2nd class, is transferred from the Assam to the Allahabad District, but to remain in the Narbudda Command temporarily.

Lieutenant M S Eyre, Royal Artillery, is directed to proceed from Camp Thobba to England on appointment as Adjutant to the Auxiliary Forces.

The undermentioned passed the Lower Standard in Persian on the 1st July 1889 :

Paymaster (Honorary Major) H C Cowell, 1st Battalion East Surrey Regiment ; Lieutenants H de T Phillips, Royal Artillery ; W G R Cordue, Royal Engineers ; E S Heard, 2nd Battalion Northumberland Fusiliers ; R R Vaughan, Worcestershire Regiment, probationer, Bengal Staff Corps ; E H F Finch, 1st Battalion East Lancashire Regiment ; R T Crichton, Highland Light Infantry, probationer, Bengal Staff Corps ; W H Miller, Staff Corps ; C E Ross, Staff Corps ; A B Harvey, Staff Corps ; P T A Spence, Staff Corps ; B Strachey, Staff Corps ; Surgeon Major G D N Leake, Medical Staff ; Surgeon J M Macnamara, M D, Indian Medical Service.

The undermentioned passed the Lower Standard Hindustani on 1st July 1889 :

Captains H Streatfield, Grenadier Guards ; the Hon'ble C Harbord, Scots Guards ; C G H Sitwell, 2nd Battalion Manchester Regiment ; Lieut S J D Anderson, Royal Artillery ; T L Coxhead, D S O, Royal Artillery ; A G Short, Royal Artillery ; W R Hilliard, Royal Engineers, H A Pakenham, Grenadier Guards ; N J H Powell, East Surrey Regiment, probationer Bengal Staff Corps ; A C Hickley, West Riding Regiment, probationer Bengal Staff Corps ; M J W Pike, Royal Irish Fusiliers, probationer Bengal Staff Corps ; E A W Stotherd, West India Regiment, probationer Bengal Staff Corps ; 2nd Lieutenants W St C

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

"KIDD AND SHALBOLT'S" WHISKY as supplied to the Bombay Clubs, Fresh shipments received monthly by the Agents, PHIPSON and Co.

OUR CELEBRATED TEA.—We guarantee our fresh Consignment of IMPERIAL FAMILY MIXTURE to be of excellent quality and unrivalled flavour. Price 1 Re. per lb. Liberal discounts to large buyers. MORTON, MAJU & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

JUST UNPACKED—A large assortment of Hand Mirrors, Money Purses, Fancy Inkstands, Work Boxes, Plush Companions, Leather Writing Cases, &c., &c. Prices very Cheap,—SHROFF BROTHERS.

ON VIEW—Mr. John Adams' valuable Household Furniture, Poona Roses, &c., TO BE SOLD at Wilderness Road, Malabar Hill, on SATURDAY, 24th August.

SUPERIOR JAVA CIGARS, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, at Rs. 3, Rs. 2-12, and Rs. 2-8 per 100, respectively. These Cigars are expressly prepared for us of the finest selected and well-matured Java tobacco only, and all the lovers of Java Cigars should give them a trial.—DANTRA & Co., 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

TO LET, APARTMENTS suitable for Office purposes, as also Godowns in Dalal Street.—Apply to BEJONJEE JAMSHEDJEE, care of Framjee Sands and Co,

EUROPEAN ASSISTANT TEACHER WANTED for an English School in Bombay. Salary according to qualifications. Apply to "T. T." office of this paper.

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A LADY, having studied in Paris and London, wishes to give LESSONS in French and Singing. For terms, address BONZOUR, care of this paper.

EMMA BRAINERD RYDER, M.D., Consultation Rooms at Albert Hall (Alexandra Girls School), Fort.—Hours 7 to 10 a. m. and 4 to 6 p. m.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL, Rampart Row, Bombay. Terms per diem, Rs. 4. Breakfast and Tiffin, Re. 1 each; Dinner, Rs. 2.

KIPFELS, for AFTERNOON TEA, to-day, PEARSE, 7, Church Gate Street.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1889. Cloth bound. Rs. 5, postage, 4 annas.

GRIFFIN'S SPARKLING ALE, as supplied to the B. I. S. N. Co. and other Companies. In splendid condition, just landed. Rs. 3-8 per doz.—Agents, PHIPSON and Co.

RS. 34-8 per month for two years will secure you a brand new SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE PIANO. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

CYCLOSTYLES (Gerstetner's patent). Prints on a slab 8½ inches by 6 inches. Very useful for printing circulars, etc. Price, Rs. 15. To be had at the *Gazette* Office.

JUST RECEIVED a large Supply of MUSICAL BOXES playing Native Tunes, with 1, 2, and 4 Springs and with Dancing Girls, &c., Rs. 80, 100, 150, 250 400 to Rs. 1,000. STEFFENAUER & Co., Bombay.

WATERPROOF TWEED HOLDALLS.—The most useful Article for Travellers, Holding Wraps, Bedding and other Articles, superior quality, Rs. 18, 20, 22.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE ABERIGE MACKAY under the *nom de plume*, OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN. Cloth bound. Rs. 2-: Postage, 4 annas.

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NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the Executors of the late Khan Bahadur Eduljee Pestonjee Ghaswalla, the following valuable properties on the days and in the lots following :—

At 4 p.m. on THURSDAY, the 5th September. 1889.

LOT NO. 1.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the messuages, tenements, or bungalows, and all other the hereditaments standing thereon, situate, lying, and being at Kirkee Station and bearing No. 22.

At 5 p.m. on THURSDAY, the 5th September 1889.

LOT NO. 2.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the messuages, tenements, and bungalows, and all other the hereditaments standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Kirkee station, and bearing No. 24.

At 4 p.m. on SATURDAY, the 7th September, 1889.

LOT NO. 3.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the messuages, tenements, or bungalows, and all other, the hereditaments, standing thereon situate, lying, and being at the Neutral Lines, Poona, and bearing No. 23.

At 5 p.m. on SATURDAY, the 7th September 1889.

LOT NO. 4.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the messuages, tenements, or bungalows, and all other, the hereditaments standing thereon, situate, lying, and being at Native Infantry Lines and bearing No. 8.

At 4 p.m. on MONDAY, the 9th September 1889.

LOT NO. 5.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the messuages, tenements or two separate bungalows and all other, the hereditaments standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Bhamboorda Village containing by admeasurement eight acres and twenty one goontas or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue of the Poona District under survey No. 180, and which piece or parcel of land was registered in 1865 in the name of Sir Robert Phayre (then Lieutenant Colonel Phayre) and now registered in the name of the said Khan Bahadur Eduljee Pestonjee Ghasswalla, and is bounded as follows :—On or towards the east by Mahomedan Durgah, on or towards the west by General Marriot's Bungalow, or or towards the north by the public road to Government House, and or towards the south by the said Bhamdoorda Village. To suit the convenience of intending purchasers, this lot may be put up in two lots.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Pestonjee and Rustim, the Vendor's Solicitors, at their Office No. 27, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, August 22, 1889

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DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headaches and Giddiness.

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DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Indigestion and Flatulency.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business or pleasure.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should be kept ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medicine given in time will frequently prevent a severe illness.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "Dr. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address "William Lambert, 8, King William-street, Strand" engraved on the Government Stamp. Do not, therefore purchase without seeing the Government stamp over the cork of the bottle.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, W. LAMBERT, LONDON, ENGLAND. "AGENTS WANTED."

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Gold Medals with HIGHEST Distinction at both the Antwerp and the London ("Inventions") Exhibitions, the only Firm of that NAME WHICH OBTAINED a Prize.

THE GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE Cash Rs. 720.

Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 66.
Or 24 do. do. ,, 36.

The Sympathetic Pianoforte, Cash Rs. 780.
Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 72.
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Zinc lined Packing Case, Rs. 25 extra. Delivered free at any Railway Stations, Bombay or Poona.

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AUTHORISED.

THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT.

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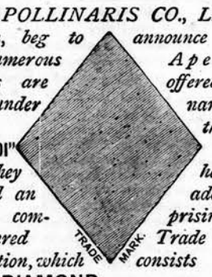

This Label will henceforth serve to distinguish the HUNGARIAN APERIENT WATER SOLD BY THE COMPANY from all other Aperient Waters.

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,, HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

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VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5 Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

JUST RECEIVED HIGH-CLASS TEAS from Newton's "Chahpore" Tea Estate, SHAHPORE, KANGRA VALLEY, PUNJAB.

	Re. a.
ORANGE PEKOE	1 2 per lb.
UNIVERSAL MIXTURE, consisting of Orange Pekoe, Pekoe, and Broken Pekoe, with a small quantity of fine Young Hyson	0 14 ,,
PEKOE	0 13 ,,
BROKEN PEKOE	0 12 ,,
BROKEN TEA	0 10 ,,

In handsome leaden packets of one pound each, and Chests of 5 and 10 lbs. each.

SPECIAL TERMS TO TRADERS, MESSES, and CLUBS.

R. RAMCHANDRA & Co., Sole Agents.

32, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

INVESTMENTS.—The purchase and sale effected of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, BANK and all other SHARES and STOCKS. INTEREST and DIVIDENDS realised. SECURITIES kept in safe custody Printed forms of Powers of Attorney supplied.

Commission on purchases and sales ..... } ¼ per cent.
Commission on surrender of Securities out of safe custody ..... } ¼ ,,

GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment, and approved CHEQUES on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received at par.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on convertible Securities, and on approved personal Security with Life Assurance.

THE STANDARD.

A SCOTTISH LIFE OFFICE OF 63 YEARS STANDING, AND ONE OF THE WEALTHIEST OF THE PROVIDENT INSTITUTIONS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

WHEN it is remembered that a Life Assurance Contract may not fail to be fulfilled for a quarter or even half a century after being entered into, it will be readily understood how important it is to the Policy-holder that the past record as well as the present management of the Office should be of the highest possible character. The Standard has a long record of past good services to refer to; its Funds, annually increasing, amount to £6,800,000; and all modern features consistent with safety have been adopted.

GEORGE OLIVER, Secretary.

Bombay Branch :

Standard Buildings,

Hornby Row.

N. B.—THE COMPANY'S INDIAN RATES HAVE BEEN RECENTLY REDUCED.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUG. 21.

REUTER'S financial telegram of last evening reports an advance of ⅛ per cent. in Consols, at 98⅛, and of ⅛ per cent. in Indian Sterling Loan, at 108½. Silver was still unaltered at 42 5-16d. per oz.; but Rupee Securities were ⅛ lower in Fours and ⅜ down in 4½ per cents, at £67⅛ and £69½, respectively. French Rentes in Paris were ¼ per cent. higher, at 85¾; Exchange on London was 1½ centimes lower, at fcs. 25·22.

A further advance took place yesterday of 3d. per quarter in Calcutta Linseed to arrive via the Cape and of 6d. per quarter in Liverpool quality via the Canal, other quotations being unchanged in a firm market. Rapeseed remained quiet, but there was a recovery of 9d. per quarter in the price of Calcutta Brown and of 6d. in Cawnpore Yellow to arrive at 41s. 6d. and 49s. 6d. respectively. The Wheat market continued dull, but Monday's quotations are repeated both from London and Liverpool.

Mid-American Cotton moved up another 1-16d. in Liverpool yesterday, making the price at 6¼d. per lb., about 1d. per lb. higher than in either of the preceding years at the same time. Surats were unchanged; but American arrivals were also 1-16d. higher for the nearest deliveries and 1-64d. up in all other positions. The tone of the market was firm again at closing, but the day's business had been on a limited scale, the sales having reached only 8,000 bales, but including 1,200 Surats. The Imports were 4,000 bales.

The Manchester market had been firm, but with only a small business doing; we note, however, in the quotations wired an advance of ⅛d. in 8¼ lb. Grey Shirtings; of 1⅛d. in 45in. 9lb. and 50in. 11lb. Shirtings; of ⅛d. in 3 and 5¼ lb. Grey Madapollams; and of ¼ per lb. in 40s. Mule Twist.

In New York also the spot price further advanced 1-16 cent, say to 11⅛; but August Futures were unaltered at 10·90 cents, and for September they were two points lower, at 10·57 cents

Here a firm feeling has prevailed to-day, and some 2,000 bales of Indore have been taken from stock at Rs. 215; but beyond this and a few hundred bales of Barsee at Rs. 220½ no ready business has been reported, and in prices generally there has been no quotable change. A demand has been experienced for contracts in Cotton of the new crop from exporters, and some pretty large lines have been booked in "Fine" Bengals for January delivery at Rs. 197½ and in "Fully Good" for November at Rs. 199; also in "Fine" Broach for March delivery at Rs. 250 per candy.

WHEAT has been taken by shippers to about the same moderate extent as yesterday, and the market remains steady at previous quotations for all kinds.

SEEDS are steady at our last rates for *Linseed* and *Rapeseed*, and business in these descriptions continues on a comparatively small scale, others being neglected but nominally unchanged in value.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	723	bales.
Wheat	2,890	cwt.
Linseed	2,036	,,
Rapeseed	16,451	,,
Poppy seed	2,957	,,
Ground Nuts	670	,,

FREIGHTS.—A rather firmer tone has been serceptible in this market to-day, but little accession of demand for ready room. A steamer has been fixed for Genoa and Marseilles for October loading at 21s. 6d. per ton, and business has been done for Marseilles at the same rate. Cargo has also been booked by the Persia (s.) for September shipment to Marseilles at 22s. to 22s. 6d. per ton.

EXCHANGE.—As usual, pending the result of Council allotments, our market has been very quiet to-day, and beyond a little private Telegraphic at 1s. 4⅛d., Bank Telegraphic at 1s. 4 7-32d. for near transfer, and a small amount of three months' sight Credits at 1s. 4 7-16d. for delivery next year, very little has transpired. We call the market quiet but steady at closing, with Bank Demand and Telegraphic from the 15th proximo onwards at 1s. 4⅛d. and 1s. 4 7-32d. respectively; and three months' sight Credits at 1s. 4 7-16d. from October, and francs 1·73 ½ to ½, ready quotations being as follows :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 4 7-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4 3-16d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 4 5-16d.	,,
Credits do.	1s. 4 13-32d.	,,
Francs do.	1·73	,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER opening weak and with Calcutta at 99⅜ for Four per cents rates here declined to 99½ for cash, with the next account at 99½ and that of the 30th September at 99¼, with buyers on both lines, and a good deal passing for the next settlement. Rates eventually settled down to 99 3-16 all round, which was ths closing price, and 3-16 per cent. below last evening's final quotation, For 4½ per cents 103⅛ is still nominally quoted.

SHARES have again shown rather more animation, and Mill scrip has improved in sevesal instances, the changes which we make in our list this evening on this line being generally in sellers' favour. Not so with Press shares, however, which, with the exception of the Manmar and Mofussil, which are slightly higher, have declined when there has been any movement. Naional Bank shares are Rs. 5 higher, at Rs. 165 per share.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p m. of the 21st Aug. 1889.

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission.* Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran	21	7	4	...	26
Suez	21	6	30	...	57

* Difference in longitude allowed for.

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m., 21st Aug. 1889.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	2	7	...	3
,, Kurrachee	...	16	...	3
,, Madras	...	14	...	1

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

(AUGUST 21.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

Cable between Java and Sumatra interrupted. Telegrams to and from Sumatra will be carried by steamer leaving Anjer daily.

Australia-New Zealand cable right.

Saigon line interrupted on French territory.

Moulmein route to Siam interrupted.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY NIGHT, AUGUST 19.

10 p.m.	78·4

TUESDAY, AUGUST 20.

6 a.m.	79·8
10 a.m.	82·8
2 p.m.	82·1
4 p.m.	82·6

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Colaba. In. cts.
Previously registered.	62 14	65 73	64 26	59 14
Aug. 20, Tuesday	...	...	...	0 22
,, 21, Wednesday	0 51	0 17	0 10	...
Total	62 65	65 70	64 36	59 36
Total of corresponding date last year	52 64	49 47	51 38	49 79
Total of corresponding date of 1887	70 73	71 69	68 0	65 99

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

ATKINS—August 15, at Nowgong, Bundelkhand, the wife of Colonel George Atkins, 1st Bengal Infantry, prematurely, of a son (still-born).

FERGUSON—August 14, at Trevandrum, Travancore, the wife of Harold S Ferguson, of a son.

HEENAN—August 15, at Hyderabad, Deccan, the wife of John A Heenan, of a son.

DEATHS.

BELL—July 28, at "Rohilla Lodge," Naini Tal, Rebecca Matilda Bell, widow of the late Henry William Bell, of the Oudh Police, aged 55 years.

SMITH—August 2, at Bhamo, Surgeon-Major J A Smith.

TRUTWEIN—August 17, at Madras, after a short illness, Jessy Maria, aged 22 years, the dearly beloved daughter of Jane Ann and of Charles Trutwein, Senior Apothecary, General Hospital.

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1889.

As many of our readers are interested in the question whether the self-incriminating mamlatdars come within the terms of the Act 49, Geo. III., c. 126, we give below the important part of that Statute. After reciting the provisions of the Act 5 and 6, Edw. VI., c. 16, it proceeds : "The said Act and all the provisions therein contained shall extend and be construed to extend to Scotland and Ireland, and to all offices in the gift of the Crown, or of any office appointed by the Crown, and all commissions, civil, military, or naval, and to all places and employments, and to all deputations to any such offices, commissions, places, or employments in the respective departments or offices, or under the appointment or superintendence and control of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, the Secretary of State, the Lord Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, the Master-General, and Principal Officers of His Majesty's Ordnance, the Commander-in-Chief, the Secretary of War, the Paymaster-General of His Majesty's Forces, the Commissioners for the affairs of India, the Commissioners of the Excise, the Treasurer of the Navy, the Commissioners of the Navy, the Commissioners for Victualling, the Commissioners of Transports, the Commissary-General, the Storekeeper-General, and also the principal officers of any other public department or office of His Majesty's Government in any part of the United Kingdom or in any of His Majesty's dominions, colonies, or plantations, which now belong or hereafter may belong to His Majesty, and also to all offices, commissions, places, and employments belonging to or under the appointment or control of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies in as full and ample a manner as if the provisions of the said Act were repealed as to all such offices, commissions, places, and employments and made part of this Act." The second section provides that "where the right, estate, or interest of any person or persons shall be forfeited under any of the provisions of the said Act or this Act, the right of such appointment shall immediately vest in and belong to His Majesty, his heirs, and successors." The third section provides that persons buying or selling or receiving or paying money or rewards for offices "shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a misdemeanour." The thirteenth section provides for the punishment of misdemeanours under the Act in Scotland; and the fourteenth section provides for the trial in the Court of King's Bench at Westminster of any Governor or Lieutenant-Governor or his or their Secretary or Secretaries committing offences against the Act abroad. Now it may be admitted at once that the Secretary of State for India stands in the place of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies; also that the office of mamlatdar is not in the gift of the Crown or even of the Governor of Bombay: appointment to the office is made by the Commissioner of the Divison. The question, therefore, simply resolves itself into this :—Can the appointment of mamlatdar be said to be an "office, commission, place, or employment belonging to or under the appointment and control of the Secretary of State for India?" In one sense everything and everybody in India are under the control of the Secretary of State. If that is the sense in which the Statute is to be read, then practically every official in British India, from a first class mamlatdar down to the peon who simply carries the Judge saheb's tiffin-basket, comes within its capacious maw. And every such official offending against the provisions of the Act at once forfeits his appointment, the right of which immediately vests in the Queen. Further, he shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a misdemeanour; but as the Penal and Criminal Procedure Codes are absolutely silent as to misdemeanours, the term being unknown to Indian Law, it is not very clear how the peccant mamlatdar or peon is to be tried and convicted for the said misdemeanour, for there are no provisions in the Act similar to the thirteenth and fourteenth sections noted above providing for the punishment of misdemeanours in British India, or for sending home peccant mamlatdars to be tried in the Court of Queen's Bench in London. And there is this further to be noted, that whereas the Statute is expressly declared to be applicable to "the principal officers of any public department or office in Her Majesty's Government in any part of the United Kingdom, or in any part of Her Majesty's dominions, colonies, or plantations," in the East Indies it is sought to be made applicable to any Government official, no matter what be his rank or by whom he may be appointed. There is such a thing as a *reductio ad absurdum;* and we leave this interesting problem for solution by the law officers of the Crown, and for consideration by those who, according to the Calcutta correspondent of the *Times*, are "anxiously awaiting an order from the Secretary of State, directing the removal of the corrupt Bombay officials from the service." We imagine that the anxiety is solely in the breasts of the few disappointed persons, who, angry at the falsification of all their hopes, are doing their best to annoy the Bombay Government and to wreak their vengeance on those officials to whose boldness and candour is due the unmasking of the whole scandal.

A CASE of considerable interest to the owners of houses and the more numerous class of occupiers has attracted a good deal of attention at Poona. Sir Dinshaw Petit sued Mr. S. Cooke, Professor of the College of Science, for twelve months' rent of a bungalow which had been let to the defendant on a yearly tenancy, but had been occupied by him for ten months only. The landlord had offered to take rent for the ten months during which the bungalow was occupied, but Mr. Cooke repudiated any liability for rent on the ground that the house was not in habitable repair and that he had been "evicted" by the landlord before the expiry of the twelve months, on the allegation that it was necessary to subject the building to a general overhauling, and that instead of being repaired it was sold as it stood. It appeared that Mr. Cooke had written to Sir Dinshaw to say that the house was insecure, and that he would hold the landlord responsible if it fell in. Sir Dinshaw replied by telegraph, requesting Mr. Cooke to vacate the house forthwith in order that it might be put in repair, offering the use of a house in Kirkee while the work was in progress. Mr. Cooke declined to accept the house at Kirkee, but asked Sir Dinshaw to provide him with one at Mahableshwur or Matheran. This Sir Dinshaw declined to do. Mr. Cooke proceeded to Mahableshwur to take a house, and in his absence the workmen came and took off a portion of the roof and began repairs. The English law of landlord and tenant governed the case, there being no provision in the Indian law which met it, and the defendant being a European. For the defendant it was contended that he, having taken the house for twelve months, the rent did not accrue until he had been twelve months in occupation. The case for the plaintiff rested on the fact that the tenant himself had insisted upon repairs being effected and that he left of his own accord, that he was offered the use of another house which he declined, and that his grievance was that he did not get a house in Mahableshwur or Matheran during the season. The judgment of the Court was for the plaintiff, who was awarded the year's rent with 6 per cent. interest until the money be paid.

DURING the progress of this tenant-right case some of the facts were in dispute; as, for instance, whether in the defendant's absence all four layers of the tiles were taken off or only one layer. The conflict of evidence on these and other such points furnished the native pleader, Mr. Gungaram Bhau, with an opportunity of which he availed himself to discourse at length upon the vexed question of the truthfulness of Asiatic and European witnesses respectively. He complained that Mr. S. Cooke had called a number of European witnesses, men of position enjoying high salaries, in the hope that their testimony would outweigh in the balance that of the humble natives who testified for the plaintiff, and went on to contend that there was no reason why native witnesses should be disbelieved and the European witnesses for the defendant believed, seeing that an advocate in saying anything that comes into his head which he imagines will influence the result in his favour, it would be absurd to waste indignation over Mr. Gungaram Bhau's ingenious *suggestio falsi*. But his contention carried him very far. Having, as he had a right to do, refused to accept "the high authority of Taylor and others," and affirmed that it was not the characteristic of Asiatics to tell lies, the pleader went on to testify that according to his own experience "the commonest labourer or koonbie was more truthful in these matters than well-paid European officials who drive about in their carriages. Carried away by that enthusiasm in which, according to the Hon'ble Mr. P. M. Mehta, certain journalists are deficient, Mr. Gungaram drew attention to a recent celebrated case in Poona in which he was engaged for the defence, and stated that what then came under his observation proved the unreliability of the European character. It is a distressing disclosure that the native pleader who defended Hunmantrao has been led to form a very bad opinion of Mr. Ommanney and other European officials who were on the wrong side in that *cause celebre*; but so it is. M. Darmesteter speaks in his *Lettres sur l'Inde* of the use which Indians who have graduated in the higher education make of their ability to read Macaulay's rhetorical prose from which they learn that the British Empire in India was founded upon fraud and forgery. Mr. Gungaram has read his Macaulay with profit, for he adduced Warren Hastings as an example of what a European could do. Rising to a height of generalisation, this Poona pleader told the Judge of the Small Cause Court that the founder of Christianity "was himself an Asiatic, and that therefore Asiatic witnesses must be considered more trustworthy than European witnesses." This is sublime, but it is not logic. An Asiatic potentate of great fame, who had wide experience, exclaimed in his wrath that all men were liars. When he said this, King David had no knowledge whatever of Europeans, had probably never even heard of them, and his testimony, therefore, applies to Asiatics alone. Had the Europeans of his day been in possession of the telegraph, they would probably have called upon the King to withdraw his assertion that all men were liars, and asked him to apologise. They would undoubtedly have laid claim to superior morality, and it may be hoped that in that early day at least they would have had the claim allowed.

A MYSTERIOUS statement appeared in a local contemporary the other day to the effect that all the education in the Presidency that is really worth anything is going to the dogs as fast as it can. This being one of the kind of statements "the bearings of which lay in the application thereof," a considerable amount of speculation has been excited as to its precise meaning. A native paper of Poona, the *Mahratta*, which is a good deal mixed up with educational affairs, is possibly on the right track for solution when it expresses its views concerning a recent appointment in the following terms : "Professor G. W. Forrest becomes for the time being the head of the Elphinstone College. We congratulate the Professor on his promotion; but we do not think that we can do the same as regards the students. Mr. Forrest was certainly not born to be a professor, nor has his education and experience in life been such as to make him fit for discharging the professorial duties with distinction to himself and advantage to the students." Is it this appointment which afflicted our contemporary and made him take such a mournful view of the prospects of education in the Presidency?

THE Commissioner of Police, a few months ago, issued a circular to all book-sellers in Bombay instructing them to refrain from offering all Vizetelly's issue of translations from the French. The order was promptly complied with, and the works disappeared from the booksellers' shelves. But it appears that the order has not had quite the effect which was anticipated. Stock on hand must be disposed of, and booksellers must find the means to realise. And they—or at least one of them—did. A correspondent informs us that the other day he went into a book-shop in the Fort and asked for a copy of "Paradise Lost." "Paradise Lost," mused the shopman; "well, sir, we have not a copy in stock, except a French edition." This was not what he wanted, but on the shopman offering to show him a copy, our informant consented to look at it. In a couple of minutes the shopman returned with three volumes, which he spread out upon the counter before the customer, who took them up and inspected them. They were not in French, but in English, and the titles were not what he had expected, but—"Piping Hot," "L'Assommoir," and "Nana."

A large Survey force, chiefly drawn from the Central Provinces, is shortly to be despatched to Burma. Parties will be allotted to both Upper and Lower Burma.

MR. JUSTICE SCOTT delivered judgment in the High Court yesterday on the appeal of Mr. Ardaseer Merwanjee, Municipal chairman of Lanowlee, who was sentenced to fine and imprisonment on the 10th of May last for criminal breach of trust. He was of opinion there had been an error of law on the part of the Sessions Judge in directing the jury. He thought if the facts of the case were laid before the jury, the accused would, no uoubt, be acquitted. While reserving conviction and sentence, he ordered the fine to be returned to the accused.

THE rainfall at the Vehar and Tulsi lakes up to Sunday last was 73ins. 98cts. and 80ins. 60cts. respectively, against 63ins. and 73ins. registered at the respective places this time last year. The height of water at the Vehar lake on Sunday last was 357 feet, that at Tulsi being 450 feet.

THE Government of Madras has taken one step in the right direction in regard to leprosy. A recent Resolution orders that all convicts certified by the medical officer of the jail to which they are committed to be lepers, and sentenced to imprisonment for periods exceeding three months, or sentenced to be transported and pronounced unfit for transportation, shall be confined in a specially constituted criminal ward in a Leper Hospital.

INFORMATION reaches a contemporary to the effect that Mahomed Amin Khan, alias Amir Khan Brigadier, who had some time ago arrested some influential men of Bader, Daraipech, Kulman and Sowkai, and who were confined at Kunar, have been sent to Kabul under charge of a company of Khasadars. The people of their tribe after three days, on hearing of their going, attacked the Amir's troops at Sowkai at night, in which some ten men of the Amir were killed and wounded. Mahomed Amin Khan has asked Sirdar Bahadur Ghulam Haidar Khan to send some troops, and accordingly two regiments, one Hirati and the other Zardgosh, have been sent from Shanwar with two squadrons of cavalry and one battery of artillery under command of Colonel Wali Khan. They are proceeding by double marches.

THE history of joint stock enterprise in Madras during the past few years ought to be a warning to the would-be investor. If we take the figures for the four years ending 31st March 1888, we find that of 613 companies constituted only 173, or 28 per cent. have survived. Fortunately there is some reason to believe that the lesson has not been lost on the public, as there were only thirty-two companies registered last year—the lowest figure for the past eight years.

A PARSEE who is born in England, and who resides there for eight years, may surely call himself an Anglo-Parsee or an Indo-Anglian, if he so desires, says the *Englishman*. This, it appears, is the ambition of "Mr. H. Borzorjee Cooper," a resident of Bombay, who writes to our contemporary in some perplexity of mind as to his status in Eastern society. He claims the rank and rights of a European British subject, and of a citizen of London, whatever 'rights' may attach to Cockney citizenship. But his difficulty is with the Bombay Eurasian Association, which he is anxious to join. He can easily ascertain, however, if he is eligible according to the rules.

ONLY one of the India Secretariats, the Home Department, goes to Ga[illegible] season. The Public Works and Revanve Secretariats will find quarters in town.

THE Punjab Excise Administration Report, will be issued in a few days, and is expected show among other things, that the number of distilleries in the Province has been considerably reduced in the last year and very extraordinarily reduced since this time three years. The excise revenue (about £60,000) is, it may be noted, for a Province containing, roughly speaking, a population of eighteen millions, almost insignificant.

OPIUM farms in the Madras Presidency have, we hear, brought in the revenue of Rs. 2,51,873 this season, which is Rs. 3,423 less than last year.

THE total number of deaths registered in Calcutta during the week ending 10th August was 188, against 210 and 222 in the two preceding weeks, and higher than the corresponding week of last year by 25. There were 4 deaths from cholera against 4 and 19 in the two preceding weeks; the number is lower than the average of the past quinquennium by 7. There was no death from small-pox during the week. The mortality from fevers and bowel-complaints amounted to 76 and 21, respectively, against 88 and 26 in the preceding week. The general death-rate of the week was 23·6 per mile per annum against 22·7 the mean of the last five years.

Le Progress, the journal of the native population of Pondicherry, has found out the Bastille of India. It is the caste system, and thew ell-meaning little journal calls upon its countrymen to destroy the social Bastille.

THE *Cologne Gazette* continues to imagine vain things in regard to the situation on the East African coast, writes a home paper; and now publishes, with comments of its own, a letter from a correspondent who denounces the high-handed and unscrupulous proceedings of the English. His views are endorsed in a leading article, and we are told that Germany can only be appeased by the unconditional surrender of the Neerland her cargo, the restitution of the confiscated arms, and compensation for all losses incur

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

THE FACTORY ACTS FOR INDIA.

MR. MACLEAN TO THE FORE.

LONDON, Aug. 21.

Mr. J. M. Maclean, M.P., in the House of Commons last night expressed his intention of drawing attention on Monday next, when the Budget comes before the House for discussion, to the delay which has taken place in the amendment of the Factory Acts for application in India.

THE NAVAL MANŒUVRES.

EXTRAORDINARY SEAMANSHIP.

LONDON, Aug. 20.

Frequent minor accidents are continually occurring among the vessels engaged in the naval manœuvres, which up to the present have been of little interest.

Numerous small craft along the coast and in the harbours have come into collision with the ironclads and sustained damage.

THE MAYBRICK CASE.

LONDON, Aug. 20.

The fate of Mrs. Maybrick is still undecided. But the Home Secretary, Mr. Mathews, and Mr. Justice Stephen continue to consult upon the matter.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE FLOATING OF THE IRONCLAD SULTAN.

LONDON, Aug. 21.

The efforts made to raise the Ironclad Sultan which struck on a rock and sank in the Comino Channel near Malta, have proved successful, the Admiralty having received news that the ship has been floated.

THE DOCK-LABOURERS' STRIKE.

The Dock labourers on strike in London now number about thirty thousand. All docks are affected by the movement.

THE EMPEROR WILLIAM.

STRASBOURG, Aug. 20.

The Emperor William arrived here to-day and has met with a most cordial reception.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 21.

H. E. the Viceroy will probably reach Calcutta about the 30th of November.

THE FORTHCOMING CONGRESS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

KUMTA, Aug. 20.

A large meeting of the inhabitants of Gokarn was held in the spacious hall of Gopi Mahabaleshwarbhat Vakil, at the instance of Mr. Mahabaleshwarbhat Vakil and Mr. Ganesh Shastri, Vice-President of the Municipality, for furthering the objects of the National Congress.

The meeting was eloquetly addressed at length by Mr. Mahabaleshwarbhat, and resolutions were unanimously adopted to subscribe funds for, and send delegates to, the coming National Congress.

It was further resolved to convene a meeting of the inhabitants of the surrounding villages for the same purpose. Rs. 50 were subscribed on the spot.

THE INDIAN MAILS.

ADEN, Aug. 20.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Assam, with homeward Indian mails of the 13th August, arrived here at 5 p.m. to-day.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Aug. 20.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats firm.

Good Fair Dhollera	4 7-16

The Manchester Market has been firm with only a small business doing.

7 lbs. Shirtings	5-1⅞
8¼ " "	6-3¼
40s Mule Twist	0-9
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 4d.
2¾ per cent. Consols for account	98⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	85¼
4 per cent. Rupee paper	67½
4½ per cent. "	69⅛
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	108⅛
Bar Silver	42 5-16d.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, AUGUST 21.—Pressure has increased in Upper India, central parts of the country, Khandesh, Bombay, and Deccan, and has fallen generally elsewhere. The rise is rapid in the neighbourhood of Jhansi; the depression existing there yesterday having nearly filled up. A slight depression exists over Bengal. Winds are westerly across the peninsula, central parts of the country, and Lower Bengal, southerly in Burma, and easterly along the foot of the hills from Assam to Punjab. In Bengal monsoon has fallen light again, and in the Arabian Sea it is still strong. Mean temperature is low, except in the Punjab and Bombay, where there is a trifling excess. Rainfall is lighter and more scattered than of late, except in Burma, where it is still heavy.

THE people in the districts of Bankura and Beerbhoom in Bengal are known to be specially subject to leprosy. In the small town of Bankura alone there are said to be more than a hundred lepers who are chiefly persons of the lower classes, but instances are not also rare among well-to-do and respectable families. The Leper Commission coming out to India might profitably inquire into the causes which make inhabitants of certain parts of the country more subject to the disease.

A NEW edition of "The Sunday School Army" brings down to date the important figures which were presented to the Royal Commission on education, and shows that whilst in 1851 13·5 per cent. of the population of England and Wales attended Sunday schools, more than 20 per cent. are now in attendance, or one out of every five of the inhabitants. If, however, Wales be separated from England, the English percentage falls considerably. The Principality has always carried off the palm in the matter of religious education, for nearly 30 per cent. of the population are scholars in the Sunday schools. The total number in attendance in England and Wales is said to be—teachers 616,941, and scholars 5,733,325. Of these there are 224,750 teachers, with 2,555,399 scholars, connected with the Church of England. The Free Churches number 392,191 teachers, with 3,177,926 scholars. The six leading Free Church communions stand as follow:—Wesleyan Methodists, 126,203 teachers, 892,779 scholars; Congregationalists, 68,270 teachers, 703,611 scholars; Baptists, 47,555 teachers, 469,382 scholars; Primitivo Methodists, 58,085 teachers, 394,774 scholars; Methodist Free Church 25,642 teachers, 192,480 scholars; Calvinistic Methodists, 24,322 teachers, 164,339 scholars.

CASUAL LETTERS FROM ARAMPUR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ARAMPUR, August.

THE first thing we in Arampur look at in the morning papers is the news-letter. I do not know if we are singular in this respect; indeed, we are so far from the busy life that surges in the capitals that we have few standards of comparison. It is the general rule in Arampur, and here at least we are a law unto ourselves. It is not so much that we are altogether callous to the throes of our Empire; to the machinations of Russia; the marriage of the Princess; or the last *bon mot* of the Shah (all of which matters are generally to be found in the telegrams)—as that we feel ourselves so far removed from that world while we still retain a slender nexus of living interest with the routs of Poona, the masquerades of Simla, or the personal details of homelier festivities. And so it came about that one morning, as some of us had done chuckling over the production of that wag who dates from Budligaum or the man who writes from Goa (I really forget exactly which, but it is not very material; you will understand that small matters suffice to amuse our simple minds in Arampur)—well, as the judge laid the papers aside, he looked round and expressed his wonder that no one ever wrote to the papers about our doings. The colonel snorted rather contemptuously; he had recently been stationed at some fashionable place—Belgaum or Deesa I think—and was at no pains to conceal that he thought himself thrown away in Arampur. His disapproving snort conveyed more plainly than words that in his opinion the doings of Arampur were not worth recording, even assuming (and he certainly would not concede that point) that we had amongst us a person capable of being their annalist. Besides, like so many men of the fine old conservative stamp, he had an intuitive distrust of the press. I feel sure he disliked the prospect of notoriety opened up to him in this proposal of the judge. Whether he preferred to do good or evil by stealth, it is certain that he blushed (and also swore) to have it known.

But the judge was a man of determination; the idea had taken hold of him; in imagination he already read in your issue of a week or so, hence a grateful tribute to the unmistakeable manner in which he played the host at a mixed party he was contemplating, and the dignity with which he distributed pán and attar to the accompaniment of bland smiles and suave platitudes. He returned to the charge: "Well, I for my part," he said in tones of dogged insistance, "do not see why we should not have our own correspondent as well as another place, and, what is more, Brown," turning suddenly and fiercely upon me, "you are the very man for the job. You have nothing or next to nothing to do, and if you haven't much intellect, well, that is no great matter in our own correspondent!" So far I had taken merely a languid and unconcerned interest in the subject, as in a matter not touching me nearly. But the turn given to the conversation by the judge's last remark galvanized me into surprise and strenuous protest. At the best it was a very left handed compliment, especially the concluding sentence, and my retiring nature shrank from the onerous responsibility thus thrust upon me. Besides, like every other member of this glorious administration, I like to delude others, if not myself, into the belief that I am weighed down with cares of State. The youngest griffin, as we all know, signs his name as often as he legally may every day, except Sunday, and sighs and shrugs his shoulders after breakfast, waving his cigar end in the direction of his office with the pregnant air of one who should say—"Yonder, the official mill grinds out my fresh young intellect: on me, too, devolves a large share of the burden of the Empire: without my efforts what do you suppose would become of India?"—and then with well simulated weariness drags himself to the mysterious office, where in a long chair, under a waving punkah, he is shortly lulled to sleep by the slumbrous drone of his aged mentor called euphemistically his sheristedar.

It was really little short of scandalous in the judge to blurt out like that in a public place that I had next to nothing to do. What if I knew that the zealous pretence of Smith was nothing but a pretence and that his predecessor, Ferney (a very brilliant man and now a K.C.S.I.), had done the same work, over which Smith sat muddling eight hours a day, in perhaps two hours, and done it so well that he always had an excellent appetite for his tiffin at 2 and a clear conscience for his rubber of whist afterwards! What if I knew that even the judge himself had more holidays than he knew what to do with, and on occasions found it unnecessary to visit his court more than twice a week; what though I could a tale unfold of the office hours in that court; of the chambers, of the interval for tiffin (and reading the mail papers including the *Pink 'un*); and of all the little distractions which a judge permits himself to relieve his overworked brain! Was I the kind of man to draw the veil and expose these Eleusinian mysteries to the jeering eye of the colonel (who never had and never pretended to have anything to do after 6 a.m.)? They used to say that when one soothsayer met another in the palmy days of Rome he winked and smiled; so the judge should have winked and smiled at me if he really entertained those gross suspicions. But it has long been almost axiomatic that you must not look for tact in the Judicial Department. They pride themselves on candour, not on diplomacy; they would think as little of rebuking a Governor as transferring a munsif.

"Really, judge," I replied with startled dignity, "I could not think of such a thing. I should not know how to write a newsletter: it takes me all my time to draft the ordinary thing commencing with "I have the honour to state" and ending with "I have the honour to be, sir," and you know that style would not suit the public. It would not amuse them—no one would read my letters even if any editor was merciful enough to print them." "Nonsense, man! look at what they do print; look at what we do read. The public read anything in the shape of a newsletter—they read 'Jack Stylus,'" and they read the Baroda man, and the Goa man, and the man who maunders over the theatricals and dresses at Belgaum or Simla or any other place. Why? not because they think whether the man writes well or ill, or indeed anything at all about him; but because they want to hear what old Tubbs is doing; how young Knightley rode his first race; how Mr. Merry is behaving; and whether any of their old friends are sick or well, sad or festive. That is the rationale of the newsletter. Nothing is ever so interesting as personality—of course, Brown, I'm not advising you to be rude" (Here the colonel leant forward and glared at me in a way that made me feel the perils lying about the path of an own correspondent. I am quite certain I shall not write anything that is not highly complimentary to that colonel.); "but just those familiar unaffected pictures of our life and our doings, you know, in this quiet corner. You may be sure that, however bad you are, some other correspondent is worse, and that there are hundreds of people who take a great, a very great, interest in Arampur. And you are sure to interest us."

This was a clincher. In my heart I feared that I might excite an interest in some bosoms altogether too lively to be pleasant years ago when I was very young, and thought there was no glory comparable to the glory of seeing yourself in print. At a time when I was new to the country, ignorant of its prejudices, full of a satisfying sense that I knew a great deal more than my elders, and was quite competent to instruct the public generally, I had undertaken a series of these letters from a large and fashionable station. I recollect receiving the issue in which my first letter appeared: the pride with which my eye ran down the column, and the exultation with which I went abroad expecting to find myself famous. In a sense I was so. My guide, philosopher, and friend—an old civilian with a horror of the press and a deeply-rooted belief that a young man who wrote could never come to a good end—eyed me when he met me with the look I have seen in a man's eye on being confronted with a dog of doubtful sanity. My friends avoided me; my enemies sought me—with threats. Never was such a pother, and never a young man so alarmed and disconcerted as myself. I never clearly ascertained in what I had offended; the subject was, in fact, one which I carefully avoided; but I stopped the series, and for the time resigned my claims to fame in that particular line. And now with that chilling experience rising up distinctly before me out of the dead past, it seemed that I was again to be launched upon these perilous seas.

In vain I protested: the judge, seconded by my bosom friends, Potts, the bazaar master, and Dare, the policeman, would have no denial. Arampur, they said, had languished long enough in undeserved obscurity—they believed me eminently qualified to illuminate the subject. I was flattered, but far from confident. "Nothing," I said, "absolutely nothing, ever happens here. You want to play the Egyptian taskmaster over me. We have no horse races; in fact, as you know, we generally go about in cow carts, and that is a feature of our life defying poetry and imagination: we have no theatricals, no strikes." "Oh, as for that," said Potts, "I'll get you up a strike among the butchers almost immediately." You see, he already pictured himself the hero of the first newsletter; we have no robberies or murders, or sudden deaths. "Hold hard," said Dare; "you are mistaken. There is a gang of most suspicious persons at the present moment in the bazaar of Arampur; I am thinking of disarming them." (Dare, you see, meant to compete too for the premier place in that newsletter.) There was no use in stringing further objections together. I plaintively wound up with, "Well, what on earth am I to write about?" And the rude old colonel replied, "Anything you d—d please, except me."

That's how the matter rests at present. I have been unanimously, though very much against my will, elected your "own correspondent" from Arampur, and the station simply goes down *en masse* every morning to the post office to meet the paper. There has been a good deal of dissatisfaction at finding no letter, so far, from Arampur, but I felt it due to myself to explain my position to the public in the hope that my shortcomings might not be counted against me as too deadly a sin. I confess if this appears, I don't know what the colonel will say, but if I am allowed to live, you may hear later.

THE POONA REGATTA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 20.

THE Regatta was brought to a close this evening with some very good races. Especially conspicuous was the win of the Fusilier Fours in the Regimental contest, when they won with their No.2 (Lawford), which was handicapped with a broken oar. They practically pulled the whole way with three oars, and then won from the Durhams, who caught them up near the finish, and made a good fight for honours. The next best event was the last, the Ladies' Fours, where all four boats were pretty well together, and Miss Pottinger only won by three-quarters of a length. Altogether the racing was good, and if the weather had been a little better, nothing could have been left to be desired. The Duke and Duchess were present. The gubernatorial party were absent at a native entertainment. Colonel Dundas and Mr. Propert especially worked hard for the success of the meeting, and they were well rewarded or their unremitting labours. Among his other difficulties Mr. Propert had a hard task to assemble the prize-winners after the races, so that they could promptly respond when their names were called out to approach the Duchess. When the boys, as he dubbed the winners, had become tractable, Miss Luckhardt and Miss Pottinger were presented to the Duchess. Miss Luckhardt distinguished herself yesterday in the Ladies' and Gentlemen's Double Sculls, while Miss Pottinger this evening steered to victory in the Ladies' Fours, as she did once before. The prizes were effectively displayed, and among the silver and plated ware, the prize for the Regimental Fours, a very handsome bowl, and the Service Fours' trophy, presented by the winners of 1871—civilians—and bearing the names of former heroes, were most conspicuous. Hearty cheering, endorsing the thanks of the Boat Club Committee, which were tendered to their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess by Mr. Propert, brought the proceedings to a close.

The following were the events contested and their results:—

FIRST RACE.—"Sailing Race."—Second heat.

Major Hephurn De Jersey	Old Una	1
Harvey, New Una		2
Capel Cure, Cutter		0

Old Una won easily. The Cutter was disabled at the start, and a pretty race resulted between the Una boats. The old one, capitally handled by Major Hephurn and De Jersey, won as stated.

SECOND RACE.—"Sailing Race."—Final heat.

Major Hephurn De Jersey	New Una	1
Stevenson Huddleston	Old Una	2

This was a very good race, and New Una being steered in a sailor-like style by Hephurn and De Jersey, who had sailed the Old Una, won by a long way. Old Una, now managed by Stevenson and Huddleston, went wrong near the buoy at the bridge (Holkar's), and her opponent, tacking smartly and hugging the shore closely, was able to ply in far ahead.

THIRD RACE.—"Regimental Fours."—1 mile.

ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Bow Brownrigg (2) Ogilvie (3) Olivier (Str) Fair (Cox) Von Donop		Scratched.

ROYAL FUSILIERS.

(Bow) Briggs (2) Lawford (3) Gall (Str) Waller (Cox) Solly-Flood		1

DURHAM L I.

(Bow) Mathew (2) Carleton (3) Buck (Str) Goring Jones (Cox) Biddulph		2

As stated in the introduction, this was the event of the evening. At the start Lawford, of the Fusiliers boat, broke his oar, but struggled along with the remnant, which he eventually, when opposite the Club, let go. This threw all the work on Waller, the stroke, who responded gamely, and maintained the lead they had from the Durham crew. Nearing the winning flags, the latter four lessened the lead, and almost caught up and passed their opponents, but the Fusiliers were not to be beaten, and though so severely handicapped—pulling as they practically did all the way with three oars—they managed to reach the flags first by a length. If the race had been but a few yards longer, the Durhams, no doubt, would have won. The winning fours were much applauded as they returned to the stage to disembark.

FOURTH RACE.—"Canoe Race."—¼ mile.

Dobson	1
Fry	2

Five entered for this event. Dobson early paddled to the front, where he remained the whole way. Fry, paddling vigorously, came up with a rush, but failed to pass him at the critical moment, and had to be content with being a very good second.

FIFTH RACE.—"Double Sculls."—½ mile.

H. C. Smith Le Quesne		1
Gall Waller		2

This event was keenly contested. Smith and Le Quesne led from the start, but if their opponents had not gone all over the river at the commencement they might have been easily beaten. As it was, when the Fusiliers couple settled down, there was a good race, but they could never make good the ground they had lost, and their opponents won comfortably.

SIXTH RACE.—"Ladies' Fours."—½ mile.

Cox Capel Cure H. C. Smith (Str.) Waller (Cox) Miss Pottinger		1
Cooper Olivier Buck (Str.) Rooth (Cox) Mrs. Fitzgerald		2
Scoones Carleton Briggs (Str.) Goring Jones (Cox) Mrs. Ross		0
Harrison Mathew Fry (Str.) Fair (Cox) Mrs. Harrison		0

The four were started very evenly, and at the outset Miss Pottinger's boat took the lead. When coming in front of the Club all the boats kept well together still to the lead of Miss Pottinger. Mrs. Fitzgerald's four, however, came up at a great rate, and a good contest ensued between the two fours, resulting, after an exciting finish, in favour of Miss Pottinger's crew. It was a fitting finale to a good day's race.

NOTES FROM RAJKOTE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RAJKOTE, Aug. 17.

IN this season, when we all foregather at headquarters, mighty is the effort made by the sociably-inclined to get up amusements which shall bring the "station" together in friendly communion. Here in Rajkote we are all very socially inclined, and the result is that hardly a day passes that the station and its wife does not meet. The ordinary functions are badminton and tennis three times a week at the Residency, locally known as the "Khoti," tennis at the Mess of the 24th Bombay Infantry once a week, and at the Rajkumar College once a week, a station cricket match once a week, followed by rounders, in which the ladies join.

Having gone through the usual course of burra khanas, the season began in earnest on the 1st of this month, when Mr. Lely, the Political Agent, gave an "At Home" after dinner at the Residency. All English society, the senior pupils of the Rajkumar College, and a number of native gentlemen and officials were bidden. The evening began by a conjuring performance by a well-known native conjurer from Jamnagar. Some very clever sleight-of hand tricks were done, and very many time-honoured ones where the spectators must be very young or very unsophisticated to be deceived. This lasted till about 10 o'clock, when the native guests took their *congé* and dancing began. The band of the 24th Bombay Infantry played an excellent programme, and dancing was kept up till about 1 a.m. The handsome Darbar room of the Residency, which also serves as a ball-room, was most tastefully decorated with flags and palm leaves, the drive-in from the gate was lined with lamps, and in the verandahs gaily painted Chinese lanterns swayed about in the soft night air, converting the prosaic Khoti into quite a fairy land. The oldest inhabitant avers that the Khoti never looked so bright before, and a most delightful evening was spent by all.

Last week the enterprising Thakor of Wadhwan brought in a cricket team to play all Rajkote. Three matches were played—Wadhwan *vs.* the Rajkote Gymkhana, Wadhwan *vs.* the High School, Wadhwan *vs.* 18 of the Rajkumar College and High School combined. In the former Wadhwan was beaten, but in the latter two they were victorious, at which the Thakor Saheb was much pleased. He plays a very good game himself; plays rackets and lawn-tennis well, and is a very agreeable person to meet, a living testimonial to the excellence of the training given at the Rajkumar College at Rajkote, where he was educated.

Last night Mr. Lely gave another "At Home." By 9-30 all the guests, including the senior pupils of the Rajkumar College, had arrived, and the following programme was gone through:—

Glee	Sweet and Low	
Duet	Pianoforte	Mrs. Macnaghten. Miss Beaumont.
Reading	Out of the Hurly Burly	Mr. Fitzgerald.
Song	The Vagabond	Major Morse.
Reading	From Oliver Twist	Mr. Lely.
Glee	Let the hills resound	

The programme was well carried through on the whole, and I shall indulge in no criticism for fear "the chiel takin' notes" might hereafter be discovered. Next week we begin the great event of the year, when representatives from each state assemble in Rajkote; the Political Agent holds a durbar, and questions affecting the whole province are settled, or, if not settled, are discussed.

This week is known as the parliamentary week, and besides the representatives of the States, European District officers come in, and advantage is taken of the gathering, to combine pleasure with duty. As far as "your own" can discover, the forthcoming events are a tennis tournament, for which the members of the Gymkhana give a lady's prize; a badminton tournament, for which the Political Agent gives a prize; a cricket match, probably The Regiment against The World, and two burra khanas and theatricals and dance at the Residency. In due time I will give you an account of the festivities. This time I shall not promise to withhold criticisms on the "play." Let the players beware.

"TRUTH" AT THE POONA GYMKHANA.

A CORRESPONDENT writes:—Having heard so much of the charms of the Poona season, I determined to judge for myself, so I took a ten-days' holiday and arrived from Bombay in time for the performance of "Truth." The Gymkhana was filled to overflowing, but I was fortunate in securing a seat in the centre of the hall. The noise caused by late arrivals made it impossible to hear the dialogue in the opening scene; but for this, the piece went off without a hitch. It was in aid of the Band Fund of the Poona Volunteers, and was, as it deserved to be, a great success. Mr. Propert as "Sir Partridge Compton" was splendid, and his acting won plenty of applause and laughter. Colonel Cowper, Major Tidy, and Mr. Goring-Jones all acted with great spirit, and none of their amusing sayings missed fire. Mrs. Hugh Symons was a sprightly "Tumps," the maid servant, and made the most of her small part. Mrs. Warburton and Miss Scott acted charmingly, and Mrs. Lloyd as "Dorothy" was very natural. She possesses a very clear voice—a great gift for the stage. No one could have been better fitted for the character of "Lady Compton" than Mrs. Walter Ross. She looked very stately and dignified, and wore a lovely gown of black velvet in the last act. Mrs. Cowper, the "bright, particular star" of the evening, acted in a vivacious and charming manner, proving herself a finished actress. Mrs. Ford as the severe old Quakeress was capital. She looked and acted the character to perfection. There is to be another performance of "Truth" next Saturday, but let us hope these gifted amateurs will give the Poona public a treat by appearing in another piece later on in the season.

On Wednesday there was the usual Gymkhana dance, and although there were not many present, yet it was most enjoyable. I was not disappointed in the excellent floor, of which I had heard so much, but I heard complaints of its not being in its usual good order. This, I am sure, must have been due to the damp evening, and not owing to any fault of the secretary, Mr. Muspratt Williams, who has been most zealous in organising these dances. I noticed some pretty gowns, notably a black-and-white striped satrin worn by a Bombay lady, a green-an-dpink, and a pink flowered silk made *à l'Empire*, also a dark green worn by a tall fair lady; and a fresh-looking white trimmed with daisies was very smart. Lord and Lady Reay were "At Home" on Thursday afternoon. The invitations issued were for a garden party. Had the weather been fine, nothing would have been nicer than the promenade in the beautiful garden. As it was, the rain compelled us to remain indoors, but we were well amused by some clever conjuring tricks performed by an officer, and H. E. the Governor's band played a delightful programme of music. Poona is fast filling with visitors, and there is to be no end to the gaieties. The performance of "Dandy Dick" on the 23rd and 24th instant, with such actors as Major Vibart and Mrs. Hay, is sure to draw a crowded "house," and the ball to be given by T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught on the 28th instant is looked forward to with great pleasure, especially as it is to be held in the Council Hall.

THE TANNA SCANDAL.

YESTERDAY Mr. Budroodeen Tyabji, with Mr. Atmaram, pleader, appeared before Mr. A. B. Stewart, Sessions Judge of Tanna, on behalf of Dadabhoy Dinsha Ramakdawala and Shapoorji Adarji Kalfati, the two young Parsees convicted the day before yesterday by Mr. J. M. Cursetji, First-class Magistrate of Tanna, in the well-known Tanna scandal case. Mr. Budroodeen applied to the Sessions Judge to release the prisoners on bail until the disposal of the appeal which was to be filed on their behalf. Mr. Budroodeen contended at some length in support of his application, and said that in case the Sessions Judge reversed the decision of the Magistrate, the prisoners will have been unnecessarily made to undergo punishment. He offered to give bail to the extent of Rs. 5,000 for each of the prisoners. His Honour, after listening to counsel's argument, observed that he did not see any reason to release the prisoners on bail, but that he was quite prepared to hear the appeal as soon as the same was filed, and as soon as the learned counsel was ready to proceed with it. Mr. Budroodeen said that the appeal would be filed in due course, but asked His Honour to reconsider his decision as to the application, but the Court said that it was not disposed to release the prisoners on bail.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

A MEETING of the members of the Municipal Standing Committee was held yesterday at the municipal offices, Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee in the chair. The following members were also present:—Col. Merewether, Dr. Blaney, Dr. Cowasjee, Messrs. J. U. Yajnik, K. M. Shroff, E. B. Carrol, M. N. Banajee, M. B. Bharbaya, Fazal Visram, and K. A. Kabrajee.

DISSATISFIED STALL HOLDERS.

The Committee resumed further consideration of memorandum dated 15th July 1889, from the Municipal Secretary, forwarding for remarks of the Standing Committee a petition to the Corporation, dated the same day, from Messrs. Aladdin Currimji and five other Borah stall-holders at the Crawford Markets, complaining of enhanced stall rents demanded from them and alleging that they have to suffer pecuniary loss; and memorandum No. 8327, dated 14th instant, from the Commissioner, forwarding letter No. 873, dated 8th idem, from the Superintendent of Markets, as follows:—Sir,—* * * I have the honour to report that the statement of the complainants is not correct. They are six of the most troublesome stall-holders that I have in the markets, and they have been repeatedly warned that, if they did not comply with the rules and regulations of the markets, they would not have only to shift, but that I would be compelled to turn them out of the markets altogether. I have been obliged to shut up their stalls for 1, 2, and 3 days at a time for their misconduct and disregard for all regularity in exposing their goods for sale on the stalls as per clauses 4, 5, and 18 of the markets bye-laws. For some time past I have found (as we do find periodically) that in the interest of the markets and the Municipality these people would have to be shifted to make room for vegetable dealers in the same line. So on the day in question their lease had expired, and they all had the usual month's notice (as per foot-note rent receipt). I ordered them to shift and they shifted, and by shifting them I at once got tenants and filled in twelve vacant stalls.—P. C. Higgins, Superintendent of Markets.

The Commissioner remarked that he quite approved of what Mr. Higgins had done. He said that these men had been provided with stalls on the opposite side, where they appeared to be quite contented and happy. By doing this the Superintendent had been able to let several stalls that had never been let before. It was his opinion that these people simply created a disturbance to have their taxes reduced.

It was resolved that the Corporation be informed of the facts of the case, and that they be requested to refer the matter to the Municipal Commissioner.

SPECIAL WATER RATES.

The Committee next considered letter, dated 16th instant, from the Commissioner, proposing for approval of the Standing Committee, the following addition to para. 1, clause (a), of their resolution No. 5707, dated 16th January 1889, sanctioning the special rates to be charged for water under section 169 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, during 1889-90:—"Except in cases where, in the opinion of the Executive Engineer, Water Works, the quantity consumed is less than that which, if delivered through meter, would yield Rs. 5 per annum at the rate of 4 annas per 1,000 gallons, in which case no water tax to be charged."

On the proposition of Mr. Carroll it was resolved that the clause be added to clause (a) of para. 1 of the resolution.

DRAINING OF PRIVATE STREETS.

The Committee resumed further consideration of memorandum dated 31st ultimo, from the Commissioner, asking sanction, under section 305 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, to the service of notices on Mr. Bhimji Hariram Joshi and six other owners of houses fronting or adjoining or abutting on the private street running east from Parel Road and to the north of the tank opposite the end of Arthur Road, requiring them to level, metal or pave, drain, and light the said street.

On the proposition of Mr. Carroll it was resolved that the levelling, metalling or paving, draining, and lighting of the street be done as the Commissioner directed. That in respect of the underground drainage the Commissioner be asked to proceed under sections 231 and 260 of the Act.

The Committee then adjourned.

NOTES FROM IGATPURI.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

IGATPURI, Aug. 20.

"IT is an ill wind that blows nobody any good," and that ill wind is making itself felt here. The cause is not generally known, and I will not venture to name it, for fear of disastrous consequences. The trite old saying about unity and strength is not generally felt, and the consequence is factions and bickerings! One would like to suggest that the institute should have the bundle of sticks as its coat-of-arms, something similar to that one sees on the *Anglo-Indian Advocate*, if not an exact counterpart; but then the fear of consequences above alluded to makes one keep silence. However, it is to be hoped that things will look different shortly.

My last letter, or rather that part of it touching on the doings of the Temperance Society, has set some people by the ears, and I am fain to write nothing more about their doings; in fact, it has become a forbidden subject, not so much by any direct order of the members as from some dark hints as to the punishment of the writer, which one is almost afraid to name. If "your own" chooses to keep a "whole skin"—nay, if he does not court annihilation—he must be mum. He has heard several dark hints as to what his end will be if he persists in his fool-hardiness; and one kind friend, who is not the most backward on the other side, quietly told him he would be murdered one night. But, as far as he is aware, there are no Fenians or dynamitards for hire about here, so he smiled incredulously, and has not adopted the precaution of carrying a revolver.

There are only three persons who have been known to "write to the papers," and as none of the three denies or owns that the letters are theirs, conjectures are always rife, and each of the wise ones is as wise on the subject as when they first commenced guessing. My young friend W. is generally pitched upon, and he does not deny it, so these letters are attributed to him. But as already stated, if the writer has to undergo the interesting operation of annihilation, I hope they will not inflict it on W.; the innocent will suffer for the guilty if they do.

The Dramatic Society have determined upon giving a series of three entertainments—musical and dramatic—in aid of the funds of the Children's 'Xmas Tree. It is as wise a proposition as ever was put forward, and I hope it will prove a success in every way.

It is not left entirely in the hands of the Dramatic Society to provide the amusement, but is open to all the members of the institute to take part in, and some very attractive programmes ought to be the result. The first of the series will not be held till October, so I shall not anticipate; there's no knowing what may happen before then. As far as the drama is concerned, the manager is very brisk, and is rapidly filling in the parts. No rehearsals have been had yet, although I had hoped to say they had commenced before this. I fancy the Musical Society continues to flourish, as I have heard nothing to the contrary; but the Philharmonic is slow in developing itself!

By the way, I must not fail to mention that the institute has thought fit to get a foot-ball. What for, it is hard to say. I verily believe this is the first foot-ball that this place has seen, unless there have been some in by-gone days, which is hardly likely. Cricket has fallen away dreadfully, and I hope football will prove more attractive.

I have not heard how much rain has been registered, but in all probability a hundred inches, if not more.

ALLEGED INCENDIARISM AT PAREL.

AT the Girgaum Police Court yesterday before Mr. P. Ryan the charge against Shawakaha Pestonjee Neeramwalla with committing mischief by fire with intent to destroy a house situate on the Elphinstone Road, on the night of Friday, the 26th July last, and the abetment of the commission of the said offence, was resumed. Mr. Little, the Public Prosecutor, conducted the case for the prosecution, and Mr. Mirza Hoosein Khan, solicitor, appeared on behalf of the accused.

The Magistrate, after recording the evidence of Rahimtoola Ismail, Cassum Hussain, and Fazil Kakoo, who were the merchants from whom the accused had purchased the date-leaf mats, chicks, and kerosine oil, &c., that were found in the house at Elphinstone Road, and also of the cart drivers who conveyed these articles to the house on the Dadur Road, committed the accused to take his trial at the next Criminal Sessions of the High Court.

MRS. BELVA LOCKWOOD, who has twice "run" for the American Presidency, has arrived in London. It was this lady who successfully established the right of women to appear as counsel in the American courts, and she now does a very large professional business. Mrs. Lockwood intends staying about three weeks in London, and much of her time will be spent practically studying in the courts the English system of judicature.

SIR SYUD AHMED KHAN.

THE grand and noble old man whose name stands at the head of this paper, says a writer in the *London Echo*, is the foremost Indian Mahomedan of his time. His history as a reformer is unique. We know of no other personal history—of a native of India—more calculated to inspire with a worthy ambition the rising youth of the Dependency, or to direct their footsteps into the path of real and lasting, instead of illusory and ephemeral, service in their country's cause. The career of a man like Syud Ahmed Khan is in a special degree an example to Young India in these times of swift revolutionary change. He, at any rate, has shown the India of to-day how to combine stability with progress. Looking back over his seventy-two years of life, he may feel a pardonable pride in the reflection that his methods have won the admiration and the support of the wisest minds, not only of his own race, but also among his two hundred million Hindoo fellow-citizens. Syud Ahmed Khan, the descendant of a distinguished Mahomedan family, which migrated from Herat to India some time early in the eighteenth century, was born at Delhi in the year 1817. Although he has only passed the limit of three score and ten, it is strange to think that the Syud was a Minister (at any rate a titular Minister) of the last of the Emperors of Delhi. Syud Ahmed Khan is a link between the India of the Moguls and the India of the English. He has seen the old system pass away, and it has been his great good fortune to play an entirely unique part in the upbuilding of the new. Fifty-three years ago he was an official of the last of the Emperors. But ten or twelve years before the Mutiny he entered against the wishes of many of his most influential Native friends, the British service. He began at the foot of the ladder as a *munshi*, translator, and reader, in the law courts. From that date until 1878, when he was made a Member of the Viceregal Council, Syud Ahmed's career was one of steady progress in the work of a social reformer. A man of strong religious conviction, he was, nevertheless, absolutely devoid of religious intolerance. Syud Ahmed's father was also, by the way, a pious Mahomedan, almost a recluse, who repeatedly refused the highest posts at the Imperial Court. It is interesting to observe how the son has inherited from the father his religious temperament—bringing with him, into his life work, a religious sense of duty and an apostolic enthusiasm. What was Syud Ahmed's life work? The education of his forty millions of Indian fellow-Mahomedans. Sir Syud Ahmed is one of the greatest educationists the world has produced. By education we do not mean school and college work only—though there he has done magnificent service as we shall presently show. He educated Mahomedan India by means of the newspapers and the literary and scientific societies which he founded and conducted. He educated it by means of the admirable series of translations—which he supervised and partly effected—from European literature. Without education of the European stamp the Syud was perpetually telling his countrymen, "You are no better than fishes and frogs." The English at home, he used to say, have the enormous advantage of possessing in their own tongue all the wisdom of the world. But in the native languages of India there were no such stores of knowledge—nothing save old-fashioned lore and metaphysics. Accordingly science primers, and works of a more ambitious character in physical science, history, economy, were translated under the Syud's guidance into Hindustani, and distributed by the hundred thousand, and at the lowest possible price, among the schools and societies. As for Syud Ahmed, he did the work of ten men at his journalism and educational evangel. His industry was enormous. One of his achievements was a Hindustani-Commentary on the Bible—the first ever written by an Indian Mahomedan.

Twenty years ago Syud Ahmed visited London bringing with him his son, whom he sent to Cambridge, and who is now a Judge of the High Court of Allahabad. When in London he was made an honorary member of the Athenæum. He became acquainted with many of the most eminent statesmen and men of letters here, including Mr. Thomas Carlyle. His letters from London to his fellow-Mahomedans in India, telling them what the life and civilisation of England were like, and impressing upon them the supreme duty of education upon the English model, are most charming compositions. And while in London, he, with his characteristic honesty, seized the opportunity of letting the English know what their shortcomings in India were. All this, and a great deal more, is set forth in the excellent biography of the Syud, written by his old friend General Graham, of the Bengal Staff Corps. To that work we would recommend every Englishman and Englishwoman desirous of an acquaintance with a great Mahomedan reformer and of an insight into the rule of England in the East, second only to that which they may acquire by visiting the country. Let it not be thought that because Syud Ahmed criticised English rule he was a grumbler. On the contrary, he was possessed by the conviction that the English rule of India was the most superb and beneficent fact of the kind in human history. He merely wanted to improve

THE PARSEE INDIGNATION MEETING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It is to be regretted that two such respected and worthy personages as the Hon. Mr. Mehta and Mr. Chichgar should indulge in such unbecoming attacks upon each other upon such a question of vital importance to the Parsee community—I refer to Mr. Ommanney's libel of the Parsees, which must greatly weaken the cause and give place to scandal. We think it would be much better if these gentlemen are loyal to the race—and we do not doubt for a moment that they are—that they would discuss the question in a calm, cool, and orderly spirit, remembering that unity is strength, and that a nation divided against itself must fall, and that such unseemly proceedings only give our enemies an opportunity of seeing our weaknesses and frustrating the object in view, of representing the indignity felt by the Parsees at the calumny uttered against them by the Inspector-General of Police. In almost every country general questions affecting the welfare and character of the people are quietly, carefully, and deliberately considered before they are formulated into opinions of principles to be defended, and if any differences exist, they are settled among themselves privately before they are put forward to the public. It sometimes happens that very great differences of opinion do cause, and, if fermented by ill-minded members, certainly hamper and do harm to their cause, and this is sure to be the case if this question is discussed in the manner in which it is being done now. We therefore hope, if we are to triumph over our enemies, that these good gentlemen will see fit for conscience' sake to drop all personal animosities and disagreements as to the mode of proceeding in this matter, and confine themselves to a calm, fair, and straightforward discussion of the subject, without wounding the feelings of the race, and by acting in this manner more good will be the result and there will be more hope of obtaining the redress sought for at the hands of Government.—Yours, &c.,

Bandora, Aug. 20. N. M. LUNGRANA.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

A MUNICIPAL CHAIRMAN IN TROUBLE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT and the Hon. Mr. Justice JARDINE.)

YESTERDAY at the High Court Mr. Justice Scott and Mr. Justice Jardine disposed of the appeal of Mr. Ardesir Merwanjee, municipal chairman of Lanowlee, who was sentenced to fine and imprisonment by Mr. Crowe, Acting Sessions Judge of Poona.

Mr. Lang, on behalf of the accused, stated that the accused was, on the 10th of May last, convicted by Mr. Crowe of criminal breach of trust as a public servant, and was sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for seven days and to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000. At the time the accused was charged with the above offence, the accused was the chairman of the Lanowlee Municipality, and as such he had in his possession cash funds belonging to the municipality, and there was no allegation to the effect that he was not the proper person to keep the funds. He was convicted of misappropiating the paltry sum of Rs. 69-10.

The circumstances under which the charge was brought against the accused were as follows:—On the 12th of December last the Mamlatdar of Maal went to examine the cash balance of the Lanowlee Municipality in the hands of the appellant. The Mamlatdar found the account book made up to the 8th December 1888, and he found a balance of Rs. 466-13-11 entered in the cash book on that date. The accused then produced the cash, and it was found to be Rs. 298-1-0, stating that the balance was in the hands of the secretary, who was then away on leave. On the 14th December the Mamlatdar sent for the secretary, and he produced only Rs. 99-15 as the amount in his hands. It was in respect of this sum of Rs. 69-10 that the accused was tried and convicted. The learned counsel submitted that the sum in question was actually due to the bhungees and sweepeers in the service of the Municipality. It was also proved by evidence that the money had been paid to the sweepers and bhungees. The only question between the prosecution and the accused was about the date on which these monies were paid. The accused contended that the payment was made on the 10th December, while the prosecution alleged that it was not made until after the 13th December. The accused was a gentleman who held the post of the chairman of the Lanowlee Municipality, and against whose character nothing had been said. The prosecution alleged that the money was paid after the 12th December, and on that statement of a Mamlatdar a gentleman in the position of the accused was so heavily punished. Mr. Lang said that there was a month's salary overdue to the sweepers, and that only was paid. He said that the learned judge had erred in not pointing out all these facts to the jury, and this did not warrant in the slightest degree the opinion that he was guilty of criminal breach of trust. The section under which the accused was convicted was 409, and in order to bring home a charge under that section some dishonest misappropriation or conversion to his own use ought to be proved. Even believing that the payment was not made until after the 12th December, Mr. Lang contended that there was no proof of these acts.

His Lordship: The verdict of the jury was unanimous.

Mr. Lang said that that was due to the imperfect summing up of the judge. No cash-box was provided by the Municipality to keep the money of the Municipality in, and the chairman was not required to keep the money in any particular place.

Mr. Shantaram Narayen, on the other hand, contended that the sole question in the lower court was whether the allegation of the accused, that the payment was made on the 10th December, two days before the Mamlatdar examined the books, was true or not.

Mr. Justice Scott remarked that it seemed to the Court that the whole question was one of delay of payment of money and nothing else.

Mr. Santaram observed that the punishment awarded was not excessive.

Mr. Justice Scott, in delivering judgment, said that there seemed to be an error of law on the part of the Sessions Judge in directing the jury. The chairman had received money for some specific purpose of the municipality, and there was no fixed day for the payment of wages to municipal servants. The delay made by the accused in the payment did not involve any criminality, and no evidence of criminal intention on his part was shown on behalf of the prosecution. The Court thought that if all the facts of the case were laid before the jury, the accused would, no doubt, be acquitted. The Court, therefore, reverse the conviction and sentence, and order the fine paid by the accused to be returned to him.

MILITARY NEWS.

IT has been decided that the ninety days' Burma privilege leave can be taken in instalments, provided the whole period of the leave is completed in the year in which it is granted.

CAPTAIN G. R. ELLIS, Paymaster, Essex Regiment has been directed to proceed to England and rejoin his regiment on vacating his appointment as Paymaster of the 2nd Middlesex Regiment.

THE Bengal regiments which have received Martini rifles are:—

Cavalry.—3rd, 4th, 6th, 9th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 18th, and 19th, 1st Punjab, 3rd Punjab, and Guides Cavalry. Total 15.

Sappers and Miners.—Nos. 1 to 6 Companies.

Infantry.—1st, 5th, 8th, 11th, 14th (Sikhs,) 15th (Sikhs), 16th, 18th, 20th, 22nd, 23rd (Pioneers), 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 39th, 43rd (Gurkha), Light Infantry, ten battalions of Gurkhas, Guides Infantry, 3rd and 4th Sikhs, and 4th Punjab. Total 34.

A MILITARY officer in military employ who may be placed in charge of a cantonment magistracy, in addition to his own duties, is entitled to an acting allowance of Rs. 100 a month as a charge against the Civil Department.

THE Government of India have sanctioned the Mac-Iver Line of steamers being placed, provisionally for one year, on the same footing as steamers of the Peninsular and Oriental and certain other companies, in respect to officers travelling by such steamers being exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their furlough or leave out of India by reason of any delay in the arrival of the vessel in which they return to India, provided they take their passage in a steamer timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

THE following officers come out shortly to join the Staff Corps:—Lieuts Bentinck, West India Regiment; Jollie, 20th Hussars; Eden, Yorkshire Regiment; and Grey, South Lancashire Regiment; and Second-Lieutenants Tyndale-Biscoe, 11th Hussars; Weir, Royal Irish Rifles; Norman, West Riding Regiment; Hamilton, Derbyshire Regiment; Brush, Royal Irish Fusiliers; Hodding, South Staffordshire Regiment; Troup, South Lancashire Regiment; Major and Sherer, Dorsetshire Regiment; Fisher, Essex Regiment; Beale, West Riding Regiment; Garden, Dorsetshire Regiment; Jardine, Royal Berkshire Regiment; and Searle, Shropshire Light Infantry.

ALL those who appreciate Lily-white Teeth purity of the Mouth, and a Breath of Flowers, should use Kemp & Co.'s FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR, which is both a perfect dentifrice and at the same time a delicious Mouth-Wash. Per bottle, Re. 1-4 and Rs. 3-4

INSOLVENCY COURT.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.)

RE FAZULÆ CASSUMBHOY.

MR. STARLING appeared on behalf of an opposing creditor to support a rule, granted on the 9th instant, to show cause why the insolvent's schedule should not be dismissed.

His lordship remarked that the petition appeared to have been filed only lately.

Mr. Starling informed his lordship that the insolvent had filed an affidavit only that morning; that he had received Rs. 7,000 from his client, whereas the costs of the suit would amount to about Rs. 30 only; that all they wanted was to get their money if they could; that the insolvent had, in the affidavit filed before the Official Assignee, refused to mention the names of the persons to whom he had paid large sums of money without instructions from his solicitors.

The insolvent who appeared in person, stated that he was quite willing to give the names of these persons.

His lordship then discharged the rule, allowing the insolvent to amend his schedule.

RE MAHADEO BAPOO NAMKARI.

Mr. Starling appeared on behalf of an opposing creditor, Parbatibai, and applied for a month's adjournment on the grounds that though the schedule had been filed in January of the present year, the insolvent did not trouble about issuing any notices at all till the 7th of July last, his client not being served till the first week of this month. His client, therefore, had had no opportunity of examining the books of the insolvent.

Mr. Manker, who appeared for the insolvent, said he had no objection to the case being postponed, indeed he had been about to apply for a six weeks' adjournment himself, as his client wished to summon several witnesses, and to have a copy of the affidavit.

His lordship said that he thought four weeks would be enough time in which to do this, and accordingly postponed the case till the 18th September next.

RE HAROON MAHOMED.

Mr. Budrodin Tyebjee applied that the order granted some time ago adjudicating his client, an insolvent, should be set aside, and that the rule *nisi* might be made absolute.

Mr. Jardine appeared on behalf of two opposing creditors, and said that two affidavits in the case had been given to his clients at noon the day before.

Mr. Budroodin asked his lordship to allow the matter to stand over as if the case was gone on with at once, his client would be in an equivocal position. If he was adjudicated an insolvent he could be represented by counsel, if not, he could not be so represented.

His lordship decided that the arguing of the rule should be gone on with.

Mr. Jardine said that the rule had been granted on the 23rd July last for the revocation of the adjudication of Haroon Mahomed as an insolvent had been granted on a petition from Haroon Mahomed, dated also 3rd July, and in which Haroon denied ever having been a partner in the firm of Hajee Mehta Cassum & Co. The learned counsel, after reading several affidavits, which, he contended, supported his client's allegation, asked his lordship to set aside the rule and adjudicate Haroon as an insolvent.

Mr. Budroodin denied the statement of the other side entirely, and said that the onus of proof rested entirely on the creditors of the firm, who should be called upon to prove his client's connection with the firm He admitted that his client was the eldest son of his father but that went for nothing as unless his lordship held that immediately on the death of his father the eldest son became *ipso facto* a partner in any concern, that fact did not touch the matter. There were a separate set of books, his set dealing merely with his own property, which was self-acquired.

His lordship, in referring to the order adjudicating Haroon a partner and insolvent in the firm, said that in his opinion no ground had been shown for setting aside the order. It had been clearly shown that Haroon had participated in the family prayers. He would, therefore, discharge the rule, which would still leave Haroon an adjudicated insolvent.

RE EDGAR PENNY.

Mr. Manker appeared on behalf of the insolvent and asked for an extension of the time already granted to two months, as his client, who had been sent up-country by his masters on business, had not been able to serve all his creditors with notices. His lordship granted the application, with leave to serve those creditors who had not been served with notices.

RE AMERCHAND.

Mr. Manker, on behalf of the insolvent, asked leave to amend the schedule, and applied for an interim order. The application was granted.

RE GOPINATH SADASHIV KHATI.

On Mr. Dhairyavan's application an interim order was granted.

RE HAJEE JAKRIA CUMMOO.

On the application of Mr. Davur an extension of a fortnight was granted the insolvent to enable him to file his schedule.

RE LIMJEE MANECKJEE WAGIBDAR.

On behalf of the insolvent Mr. Wadia obtained leave to serve notices.

RE VELJEE KIRPAL.

Mr. Manker moved on behalf of the insolvent that the rule granted on the 20th July last might be made absolute. The application was granted.

RE JEHANGIR NOWROJEE KAKA.

Mr. Manker obtained an interim order for the insolvent.

RE NARAYEN VENKATJEE KHOTE.

Mr. Manker got insolvent's interim order extended till the 18th September.

RE JAMSETJEE DADABHOY WADIA.

Mr. Manker applied for and obtained an adjournment of this case for a week.

DISCHARGES.

The following persons appeared in person and obtained their discharge:—Ramchunder Natharam and another, Abdool Hason Abdool Cadur Hora, Khursetjee Jemsetjee Faruk *alias* Engineer, Varsee Poonja Sha, Harold S. Pollock, Rustomjee Cowasjee Padurkhanawala, Hajee Ebrahim Hajee Nazmoodin Peshor, Saley Amandjee Hora, Ithalal Tribhowandas, Wamon Mukund Potnis.

MOONSOON MUD SPORTS.

21ST AUGUST 1889.

1. TILTING AT RING IN GROUND.—10 Entries.
   Boyd..... 1
   Steuart..... 2
2. BAREBACKED RACE.—6 Entries.
   1st Heat. Cobbold. 2nd Heat. Brooks.
   Final—Cobbold.
3. SPIRAL RACE.—9 Entries.
   Foulkes 1
   Graham 2
   Steuart..... 3
4. PICKING BALLS OFF POSTS.—10 Entries.
   Boyd.
5. EGG AND SPOON RACE.—8 Entries.
   Boyd..... 1
   Steel..... 2
6. POLO BALL SPEARING OFF POSTS.—7 Entries.
   Steuart..... 1
   Boyd 2

THE following statement of averages represents fairly what it costs to run a locomotive under ordinary conditions:—Averages—Number of miles run to pint of oil, 15·32; number of miles run to ton of coal, 46·17; number of pounds of coal per mile run, 48·62; number of pints of oil per mile run, 0·06.

AMONG the ignorant, Jews are still lumped together with money-lenders, says the *Jewish Chronicle*, as if every Jew must be a usurer, and every usurer a Jew. The mercantile and the professional classes know better. Nevertheless, if the world at large saw notorious money-lenders sitting in high places in our synagogues, we should find it yet hard to escape from the unenviable reproach of lending money at usurious rates to necessitous wretches, and wringing excessive gains from the fears and misery of the victims. This is what we have to provide against with particular care; that we give no colour or excuse to the common libel upon Jews by treating with honour any Jew among us whose riches spring from the detestable calling of money-lending in its bad sense. Some years ago a series of papers in the *World*, for which two Israelites, an eminent solicitor and a member of the Board of Guardians, were generally said to be in a large part responsible, very causticly and meritoriously exposed a portion of the usurers fraternity. One result of this plain-speaking was the resignation of a seat at the Council of the United Synagogue. More recently a Jew who had been proposed for a synagogue office was passed over because it became known that he had been engaged in bill transactions of at least a doubtful character.

PUBLIC COMPANIES MEETINGS.

THE MUNMAR MANUFACTURING CO., LD.

THE seventh annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Munmar Manufacturing Co., Ld., was held at the registered office of the Company, Don Tod 3rd Row, Khoja Moholla, yesterday. The Directors' report, which was submitted, contained the following:—The Directors had to struggle as in last year against the shortness of the crop and the increase of competition from ginning factories in Khandeish. The quantity ginned in the Company's factories was less by 1,600 cwts. than in last year, though the machinery had been increased for the purpose. But the Directors are glad to state that the work during the season was more economically managed and with an efficiency never attained before. The result, as may be expected, was far better than that of the last year and highly encouraging and satisfactory. The latest advices of crop give a promising hope of an abundant yield, and the Directors hope that the next result will be far better than that of the present year. The number of bales pressed was 37,460, and cotton ginned 53,843 cwts. The balance of profit and loss account shows a credit of rupees 45,091-9-1, or equivalent to a dividend on the paid-up capital of almost 13 per cent. From this your Directors recommend that Rs. 35,000 be expended in payment of a dividend of rupees 25, or 10 per cent. per annum, and to carry forward rupees 10,091-9-1. The present dividend, with those of the last two years, gives an average of more than 11 per cent. per annum. The report was approved of, and after the transaction of some other formal business, the proceedings terminated.

THE MERCANTILE PRESS COMPANY LIMITED.

The seventh ordinary general meeting of shareholders of the Mercantile Press Company, Limited, was yesterday held at the registered office of the Company, Apollo Street, Dr. J. L. Pinto presiding.

The report for the year ending 30th June 1889, which was submitted, contained the following:—The Directors regret that owing to the keen competition of the press companies in the Bhownugger District, the result of this year's working is unsatisfactory. The total quantities turned out by the company's presses were—Bhownugger 1,539 bales against 10,405 bales in 1888; Mhowa 5,572 bales against 1,101 bales in 1888, making a total of 7,111 bales against 13,506 bales last year. The profit and loss account shows a credit balance of rupees 612-7-3, which your Directors proposed to carry forward to the next year's account. Your Directors contemplate removing one of the Company's presses from Bhownugger to some other place, where better business could be secured. Your Directors deeply regret the death of Mr. John Y. Lang, the chairman of the Board. They have also to report that, owing to the resignation of Messrs. Lang Moir and Co. as Secretaries and Treasurers of the Company, your Directors have appointed Messrs. Tullockchund and Shapurjee acting Secretaries and Treasurers in their place. Mr. G. W. Moir resigned during the year, and your Directors have appointed Mr. Hormusji Nussarwanji Gheesta in his stead.

Dr. J. L. Pinto proposed and Chatoorbhoy Bhaichund seconded that the report of the Directors with the audited balance sheet and profit and loss account, as now submitted, for the year ending 30th June 1889, be and the same is hereby approved and adopted.

Mr. Hormusjee Nusserwanjee proposed and Mr. Sobhagchand Tullockchand seconded that Mr. Heeralal Tribhovandas be and is hereby appointed director in the room of Mr. Mooljibhoy Jewraz, who retires by rotation.

Proposed by Mr. Tullockchand Maneckchand and seconded by Mr. Rustomjee Maneckjee Engineer, that Messrs. K. M. Shroff and Baloobhoy Callianbhoy be and are hereby appointed auditors for the current year, at the remuneration of Rs. 50 each per annum.

Proposed by Mr. Shapoorjee Burjorjee and seconded by Mr. Maneckjee Pestonjee that the thanks of the meeting are due to the chairman for his able conduct in the chair.

The usual compliment to the chairman brought the proceedings to a close.

BOMBAY COTTON MANUFACTURING CO., LD.

At the sixth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of this Company, which will be held at the registered office of the company, No. 5 Green Street, Fort, on Saturday, the 31st August, the following report will be submitted:—The accounts herewith circulated, your Directors are glad to say, show as the result of the past year's working, a profit of rupees 70,738-4-10, which, with rupees 480-9-0, the balance brought forward from last year, comes to rupees 71,218-13-10. Your Directors, in February last, declared and paid the fourth dividend (interim) at rupees 25 per share, which has absorbed rupees 15,000. They propose to appropriate the balance as follows:—Depreciation Fund, being at 5 per cent. on the buildings and machinery, Rs. 21,407-7-1; fifth dividend at Rs. 25 per share for the half year from 1st January to 30th June 1889, being at the rate of 10 per cent. Rs. 15,000; Reserve Fund Rs. 10,000; bonus to Company's employés Rs. 1,500; to carry forward to next year's account. Rs. 8,311-6-9. You are aware that last year the capital of the Company was increased from 3 to 6 lacs for the purpose of extending the mill. The new shares have all been taken up by the agent at par value, and rupees 200 per share on account of the first and second calls have been paid. The Directors further beg to inform you that for the purposes of the extension they have purchased 3,252 square yards of land adjoining the mill. The buildings for the extension are nearly completed, and the machinery has commenced to arrive. It is expected that the additional machinery will commence to work in a few months. The property of the Company is insured for rupees 6,94,000. The Honorable Mr. R. M. Sayani having resigned his office as a director, Mr. Goverdhundass Khatau was appointed in his place. This appointment requires your confirmation. Mr. Goverdhundass Khatau retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.

KAISER-I-HIND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

At the third ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of this company, which will be held at the registered office of the Company, 5 Green Street, Fort, on Saturday, the 31st August, the following report will be submitted:—The net profits amount to rupees 19,366-8-9, in clusive of the balance brought forward from the last year's account. Your Directors had, they regret to say, to meet during the year claims of rupees 7,208-9 for loss by fire at the Bombay Cotton Press. The competition, referred to in the last report, existed more keenly, owing to which rates had to be considerably reduced. Under the above circumstances the result of the year will be considered satisfactory. Out of the profits, your Directors have set apart 25 per cent., viz., rupees 4,797-8-0 for payment of bonus to shareholders, and have written off Rs. 400, balance of preliminary expenses account, and have determined to apportion the balance as follows:—To dividend at rupees 60 per share on 106 shares subscribed (exclusive of income tax), Rs. 6,360; to Reserve Fund, Rs. 7,500; to carry forward to next year's account, Rs. 309-0-9. The percentage of bonus on the net premium this year comes to about 14·35 on shareholders' contributions. Your Directors consider it advisable to make the changes, as stated in the notice convening the meeting, in the articles of association, regarding the bonus and other clauses. The Hon'ble R. M. Sayani and Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

A CORRESPONDENT of *Notes and Queries* throws doubt on Dickens's attainments as a Biblical scholar as exhibited in "Dombey and Son":—The edition known to me is the original one, as it came out in parts, and I am unable to say whether the mistake, which is as follows, has been corrected since. Dr. Blimber, who, notwithstanding his pomposity, &c., is, I presume, intended to be a scholar, not an ignoramus like Squeers, imposes it as a penalty on the boy Johnson to repeat by heart from the Greek Testament St. Paul's first Epistle to the Ephesians. Could Dickens have been ignorant that there is only one Epistle to the Ephesians in the New Testament?

A LOVELY, Delicate, and Pure Complexion, so and fair hands and arms are assured to those ladies who use Rowlands' Kalydor, which is a most healing, soothing, and refreshing preparation for the face and arms. It eradicates freckles, redness, roughness, chaps, irritations, sunburn, tan, cutaneous eruptions, eczema, &c., is the most perfect emollient preparation for softening and beautifying the skin, is most cooling, soothing and refreshing during hot weather, renders the skin soft, smooth, and delicate, and preserves it from the effects of cold winds or hard water. It is warranted to be perfectly free from all greasy substances, lead, mineral, or poisonous ingredients, or oxide of zinc, of which most cosmetics are composed and which ruin the skin. Rowlands' Odonto is a pure, non-gritty tooth powder; it whitens the teeth and prevents decay.—Ask chemists for Rowlands' articles, of 20, Hatton Garden, London.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT AND THE MAMLUTDARS.

The *Indu Prakash* remarks:—If any thing was wanted to show how the ill-informed and misguided righteousness of some Members of Parliament has made the position of the Government of Bombay very uncomfortable, and has forced its hands in the indemnity question, the full report of the debate on Dr. Cameron's motion will furnish the amplest materials. Dr. Cameron, Mr. Baumann, Sir W. Plowden, and others of that class care nothing for the courageous up-rooting of a scandal which cursed Bombay for many years past. They have no indignation to spend upon the chief centre and foundation-head of all the immorality which has been exposed. On the contrary, they seem to pity and sympathize with Mr. Crawford and pour all their phials of indignation on the Government. It does not matter to them if no evidence had been forthcoming, and, therefore, they can not appreciate the necessity of the promises of indemnity which the Bombay Government thought it expedient to give. The Secretary of State too, yielding to their pressure, requires the Government to break its promises. Further information and remonstrances from the local Government have probably awakened the Secretary of State to the impropriety of the breach of promises. Nevertheless the defence offered by the Under-Secretary in Parliament was of the weakest description. The *Bombay Gazette* aptly characterizes the conduct as "mean." The Government is clean thrown over-board, and the House is asked to trust to the superior morality and wisdom of the Secretary of State. It is a most unmerited and ill-considered slur on the Bombay Government, and no subordinate was ever more shabbily treated by a superior. The debate has done one service. It has put in a clear light the difficulties and embarrassments of the Bombay Government, and the public of this presidency at least will exonerate the Government from all blame in regard to its apparently half-hearted observance of its promises.

The *Gujerati* says:—We are, however, glad to see that Sir John Gorst recognises the importance of respecting the plighted word of the Bombay government. Mr. Bryce, who had the rare opportunity of knowing the incidents of the Crawford case on the spot, threw better light on the whole subject than any of the other members except Sir G. Campbell, who pronounced a deservedly high encomium on Lord Reay's government for the rare courage and patience with which it has conducted itself in presence of the most unscrupulous attacks with which it has been cruelly persecuted. The salvation of the Bombay Government and the muchmaligned mamlatdars lies in supplying full information on the main questions, involved in the case to the Members of Parliament. If Mr. Bradlaugh could be placed in full possession of all the facts, we feel pretty sure he will do more for the victims of misrepresentation and extortion than a year's study on the part of the invertebrate India Office.

THE PARSEES AND MR. OMMANNEY'S NOTE.

The *Indu Prakash* observes:—The excellent, manly, frank, and sensible letter of the Hon. Mr. P. M. Mehta to the *Gazette* ought surely to convince the sensible part of the Parsee community of the extreme impropriety of their proposed public meeting. It is very gratifying to see such a distinguished leader of native public opinion openly declaring his unreserved approbation of the conduct of Lord Reay's government in regard to the Crawford case. Mr. Pherozsha most truly reflects the prevailing native opinion when he says:—"No measure of Lord Reay's administration deserves more unmixed approbation. When the clouds raised by ignorant misrepresentation and malicious calumny have rolled away, history will record it to his lasting honour that Lord Reay did an invaluable public service by probing and exposing a long festering sore of unexampled corruption, with a noble rectitude of aim, an unflinching determination of purpose, and a steadfast disregard of all prejudice, which are beyond all praise." If any expression of native opinion can afford any solace or strength to Lord Reay's government, the testimony of Mr. Pherozsha as borne in his letter ought to go a long way in serving the purpose. As regards the position of the Parsee community the letter gives full justification of the course adopted by Mr. Pherozsha, and many cogent reasons against the contrary course. The withering irony with which Mr. DeVitre and company have been treated will make them look uncommonly small in their own estimation, and the community will well know whom to choose as its leaders, whether Mr. De Vitre and company or such men as Sir Dinshaw M. Petit, Mr. Sorabji Shapurji Bengalee, Mr. Sorabji Framji Patil, Mr. Pherozsha M. Mehta, and others of that class. If the community is true to its spirit of magaanimity and prudence which Mr. Pherozsha justly claims for it, it will not allow itself to be swayed by the passion and prejudice, the gospel of dissension and the inflated sense of wounded superiority which Mr. Pherozsha so ably denounces. Now that a public meeting is after all decided upon, let us hope the counsellors of prudence and moderation will muster strong and effectively control the proceedings.

The *Indian Spectator* observes:—Now that the trustees of the Parsee Punchayet Fund, as well as the signatories to the requisition sent to them, have had time for reflection, they may realize the dangers of the position to which they are drifting. A meeting of the Parsee community to protest against the irresponsible and unauthorized strictures of a police officer, appears to us to be like the trudging of an elephant in pursuit of a gnat. It is not a dignified procedure to say the least. Apart from that, however, it is certain that the protest is not to be unanimous—some of the best members of the community, those who have been acknowledged as leaders, politically and otherwise, are sure to protest against the protest, unless it is narrowed in its scope and couched in unobjectionable language. What will the world say to the resolution of a house divided against itself? If a formal protest is necessary against Mr. Ommanney's ill-omened Note, we trust it will take the form of an expression of regret, pointing out the illogic of Mr. Ommanney's remarks, and requesting that this protest be recorded by the authorities. The cry for vengeance, based on horror and indignation overdone, has already been given up. This ought to be enough to bring the swash-backlers of Parsee society to their senses. We give full credit for good intentions to the majority of the requisitionists; but good intentions ill-assort with bad actions, and the world will judge us only by these latter.

Mr. Mehta's letter to the dailies, on the controversy raised by Mr. Ommanney's Note, is clear and outspoken, as usual. At this time of the day it could have but more of a retrospective interest. Be that as it may, the utterances of a leading Parsee who is a force in the politics of our time, are sure to be followed with attention. Mr. Mehta speaks in no uncertain voice of the public service rendered by Lord Reay, Sir Raymond West, and others, including Mr. Ommanney. This acknowledgment, and the protest he has so vigorously entered against his community being utilized for partizan purposes, appear to be the "raison d'etat" of his letter.

The *Gujerati* remarks:—Next to the late Rao Sahib Mundlick, we know one leading native gentleman only in Bombay who can be justly said to combine in himself a striking independence and energy of character and dauntless courage with rare foresight and sagacity, and that is our well-known and worthy citizen, the Hon. P. M. Mehta. The refreshingly candid letter which he has written to the *Bombay Gazette*—itself such a fitting medium for such an important communication—is so characteristic of the writer and has such a direct bearing upon Mr. Ommanney's note, the Anglo-Indian Press, the Congress question, the Crawford scandal, the conduct of Lord Reay in relation to that case, and the educational policy of the Government that we earnestly request our readers to peruse the whole of it with the greatest care and attention. We quite appreciate the reasons mentioned by the Hon. Mr. Mehta for his abstaining from taking part in the general meeting which is shortly to be convened by a few misguided spirits for protesting against Mr. Ommanney's Note. We have ourselves disapproved of the step along with our other contemporaries, and we still hope that wiser counsels will prevail. That part of the letter in which he refers to the unworthy attempts that are being made to discredit the Congress and sow seeds of dissension between our Parsee friends and other native communities, has been written with such a fulness of heart and eloquence of feeling that we thank the honorable gentleman with all our heart for the kindly and magnanimous sentiments to which he has given expression. Such are the men best fitted to be the leaders of native society and so long as India is fortunate in producing such ornaments, we can afford to ignore those petty spirits whose principal aim of life consists in flattering the vanity of their superiors and thus aggrandising themselves at the expense of the higher considerations of their religion and country.

The *Gujerat Mitra* says:—We think the coming meeting, which we first of all considered was due, in a perfectly unbiassed spirit, should lay no weight whatever upon the allegation that Lord Reay has not fully and most honorably acquitted that community from all offence which they took from his Police Minister's observations. For our honest opinion is, Lord Reay's hearty reply to the Parsi Knight should be treated as the best of corroborations for the contention of the coming *Anjuman*.

THE RELIGIOUS MOVEMENT IN GERMANY.

DURING the past ten years, writes the *Harper's Magazine*, we have seen the rise of a new school, which, taking its position between orthodoxy and liberalism, announces between them a conciliation which Schleiermacher and some of his disciples had already attempted. Going back to Kant, it professes to descend from Luther himself, and to take up for the benefit of the young generations the inheritance of that great master of that spiritual life. Its programme is full of promise. Its object is to vanquish definitively the sterile antagonism between supernaturalism and rationalism, between faith and science, and to conquer an independent province for religious consciousness by emancipating religion from all solidarity with metaphysics, natural science, and historical criticism. The chief of [this school is Albert Ritschl, a former disciple of Baur. With incontestible sublimity of views, with scientific calmness and serenity, and with great vigour and concisaness of language, the celebrated Gottingen professor has expounded his doctrine in lectures and in books which have exercised considerable influence on theological thought both in Germany and abroad, and provoked lively controversies in various camps. Ritschl demonstrates that it is not allowable to attach the same value to the immediate affirmations of religious consciousness and to the secondary explanations of theology. In recommending this sifting, which seems difficult and bold, Ritschl does not leave the ground of the Bible, but all those who have broken with the theory of the literal inspiration of the Scriptures understand that the Scriptural character of a doctrine, for the Gottingen professor, is not founded on the use of such and such a word separated from its context, but upon the *ensemble* of Biblical notions taken in their genesis and followed up in their organic development. The puerile *naivete*, with which people imagine that they are establishing the Biblical authority of a doctrine by the aid of a fragmentary Scripture quotation, is one of the most disastrous legacies of old-fashioned orthodoxy and its theory of mechanical inspiration, from which the Protestantism of the nineteenth century has so much difficulty in emaciating itself, to the great and double detriment of science and of faith. Independently of the Scriptural character, taken in the new and definitive sense of this word, the practical efficacy, the richness of its applications, are for the Church the touchstone of each theological doctrine. By separating sharply the problems that interest only the school from the dogmas which have a direct importance for Christian life, we shall arrive at the conquest of a broad and firm basis, on which a fruitful religious union can be consummated between the different parties which divide the Church. This union, which can never be realised by administrative measures and ecclesiastical rules, will be the slowly matured fruit of truly religious convictions, and the dearly bought recompense of persevering study and indefatigable effort. We cannot here set forth the still very incomplete results which Ritschl and his disciples have already achieved in the sense indicated. We will merely say that the defects of this school are those of the Germanic mind. In spite of its pretensions to precision, it is essentially wanting in clearness and simplicity, and does not sufficiently guard against voluntary equivocation. In its present form this theology will never become popular, in spite of its undeniable merits. Indeed, we may say in general that the German theologians do not apply themselves sufficiently to making themselves heard and understood by the people: they content themselves with being cabinet *savants*. And while they are gravely meditating and discussing, the nation, a stranger to all these questions, is preparing to accomplish with Christianity a divorce, of which literature, the press, and numerous materialist and socialist writings reveal only too visibly the forerunning signs. Attentive observers of religious life in Germany discern a singular phenomenon which is assuming more and more alarming proportions. On the one hand, statistics show that ecclesiastical habits are far from being lost, so far as concerns participation in traditional acts and ceremonies. At Hamburg, where there is the largest number of non-baptised children, it was in 1885 only 37 out of every 10,000; at Berlin, five out of 10,000; in the whole of Germany, one; in Prussia, 14 per cent. amongst the Protestants, and 16 per cent. amongst the Catholics. In the census of 1871 those who registered themselves as professing no religion amounted to 16,980; in 1880 to 30,249; and in 1885, this number sank brusquely to 11,075. In Prussia, in 1885, the number of religious marriages was 90 per cent.; that of mixed marriages, 12 per cent.; in 38 per cent. of the cases the husband was Protestant and the wife Catholic. No fluctuation is indicated in the ecclesiastical statistics for the year 1837, either for the number of religious burials (230,689) or for that of confirmations or first communions (203,563), or for that of communicants (5,745,771); alone the divorced persons who have demanded the nuptial benediction show an increase (1,047). There were 2,798 conversions to the Protestant Church, 2,023 Catholics, 240 Jews, 535 members of other communities, 254 conversions to Catholicism, 9 to Judaism, 1,333 to other religious communities. On the other hand, almost everywhere there are complaints of notable diminution in church attendance. Many churches in the towns and in the countries are three-quarters empty. At Berlin, where there are only forty-seven churches and twenty-seven chapels, with 50,000 seats, for a Protestant population of nearly a million, the church service is very little attended. People go to the cathedral to hear the fine music and to see the Emperor. When the liturgical service is over there is a considerable exodus; more than half the congregation goes away; and before the sermon is at an end there is a formidable rush towards the doors in order to get good places for seeing the imperial family go out. The service ends before empty benches; and at the celebration of the Holy Communion, which follows, there are often not a dozen communicants. In the national mourning which marked the course of the funeral year 1888, religious sentiment had no part. What dominated at the time of the truly imposing death of William I. was admiration for this more than nonagenarian old man, who ended his life simply, and, so to speak, stoically, as he had lived; and, when, after a short reign of ninety-nine days of continual martyrdom, Frederick III. in his turn sank into the grave, it was an immense sentiment of pity combined in the hearts of the best with regret at the premature death of a prince in whom the most noble hopes were centered. But in the thick crowd which on March 12 and the following days stood around the cathedral to gaze upon the splendid mortuary decoration, not the slightest devoutness was to be remarked; and when the funeral *cortege* passed on its way to Charlottenburg, between the falls of snow, very few so much as took their hats off. All the foreigners who were present at this spectacle were struck by this absence even of exterior signs of piety. But to return to ecclesiastical statistics. In the contrast between the figures it furnishes and the actual reality we may find a lesson of a nature to inspire us with the most serious reflections. The religious ceremonies which accompany earthly existence at its most solemn hours are preserved, together with the consecrated formulæ and even—as in the case of baptism and confirmation—the traditional engagements; but the life, the sincerity, the fervour, of them are absent. Religion is no longer anything but a frame, or, as it were, an empty vase from which the perfume has vanished. The place of religion has been taken by morality in some cases, and generally by what morality! In other cases, literary and æsthetic culture, especially music, with the exquisite joys it procures, the refinements to which it testifies, but also with its insufficiency from the point of view of inner discipline and moral hygiene, and for all that concerns firmness of principles and the strong tempering of character. For the great number religion has been replaced by the *culte* of the nation, of that nation which is in the act of bartering the treasures of science, poetry, and faith, through which it has been so great in history, in exchange for military and diplomatic glory, conquered by the sacrifices and deposed to the vicissitudes that all know, and which all prudent minds, fear. But the patriotic sentiment, even when raised to its highest power, even when clairvoyant and disinterested, cannot fill the room of exiled religion, or what is still worse, of falsified and perverted religion. More than all other sentiments, patriotism needs the counterpoise of religion in order not to degenerate into Chauvinism. The Gospel, properly understood and rightly practised, is this counterpoise. But at the present moment in Germany the Gospel is not the great question. A Protestant Emperor made Germany united and the arbiter of the destinies of the whole world. At a sign from Berlin all the nations and all the sovereigns tremble. This Germany, which uncircumspect politicians attempt to confine within the domain of ideas, has shown that it can display rare practical sense, and gather the bloody laurels that grow on battle-fields. That which the Holy Roman Empire could never realise, a son of Luther has accomplished: what a triumph and what an apology for the Reformation. This we will admit, but on one condition, namely, that the moral conscience which engendered the Reformation shall not make shipwreck in this grand triumph, and that Germany, reversing the motto of its Chancellor, shall acquire the conviction, in spite of contrary appear

SPORTING NOTES.

NOTWITHSTANDING the fact that sport promised to be somewhat tame and uninteresting at the outset there was a big company in the Duke of Richmond's picturesque park to see the race for the Goodwood Cup. As for the event itself, it would be absurd to even hint that there was the slightest scintilation of interest excited by the meeting of Trayles and Latania, the only couple who did battle for it. The Duke of Beaufort knew his mare had not the ghost of a chance, still his sportsmanlike spirit which saved the event from resulting as it did in 1886, when the gallant little Bard walked over for it, is greatly to be commended. As it was, unless some accident occurred, the Cup was entirely at the mercy of Trayles. No accident did occur, and Mr. Warren De La Rue's four-year-old son of Restless and Miss Mabel, pulling over Latania all the way, won in a canter.

The Cup this year is a singularly handsome piece of silversmith's work, and all sportsmen, who have seen the trophy, are delighted with it. It is of silver, and represents a rocky knoll, where among ferns is depicted a group of deer. In the centre, with head raised and erect, stands the Monarch of the Glen, apparently scanning the distant landscape. Around him rise the startled hinds and fawns, while a frightened hare stares wonderingly at the deer.

A feature of the afternoon's sport was the success of the Royal colours by the aid of Galliffet in the Selling Plate. It is so seldom that Fortune deigns to smile on the purple and gold braided jacket, that everybody was pleased to see Galliffet who ran in blinkers, obtain an easy victory over Oberhoff, Agrippina, and Givre, and a mighty burst of cheering greeted the hoisting of the winner's number. Gallifet, who is a son of Energy and Fanchete, cost the Prince 320gs. at the late Lord Wolverton's sale, and after the race was sold to Captain Russell England for 930gs.

The valuable Prince of Wales's Stakes re-introduced to us that sweet little filly, Semolina, whose easy victory showed that she has not lost her form, as many feared after her disastrous defeat at Leicester. She had nothing of high-class quality to beat, it is true, but she won, pulling double almost from start to finish, and her success must have to a certain extent consoled the Duke of Portland for the Oakley disappointment.

Of the other events, it is worthy of note that Caerlaverock, after many disappointments, won a race at last. Condescending to show a flash of his old quality, he managed to get home a neck in front of Sanbenito, with Warlaby close up.

The all scarlet jacket and Tommy Loates were again in form, as in addition to Riviera's victory before mentioned, Golding supplied the winner of the Singleton Plate in Athol Las.

The Chesterfield Cup has often been productive of wonderful feats of prowess. The memorable victory of Vespasian in 1869 has never been so much as approached. The handsome son of Newminister commenced that afternoon by winning a handicap, named the Duke of Richmond's Plate, with 9st. 7lb. on his back, and within an hour and a half afterwards he was pulled out for the Chesterfield Cup, for which the crusher of 10st. 4lb. had to be put up. The field signalled for the event was 19 strong, and it included some of the best handicap form of the day. The minimum weight of the handicap went down to 5st. 7lb., and in the race Vespasian was actually conceding 5st, less only 3lb, to one of the competitors. But he won literally in a canter.

If you want to buy a training establishment Barcelona House, Wroughton, occupied by W. Leader, is for sale. If you want to buy a stud farm you can purchase the Woodborough Manor Estate, which belonged to the late Mr. R Howitt. If you want to buy a racehorse, Powder Puff is in the market; and if you want to purchase some Epsom Grand Stand shares, go to the Mart on 31st July, when several, which, I am told, belonged to the late Lord Alfred Paget, will be offered for sale.

Ayrshire is fairly stumped up, and certain of the Newmarket touts assert that it is not intended to put him into training again. Then it has been discovered that Donovan is not made of Elswick gun-metal, and he has been eased into gentle work with a view to bringing him to hand again by the St. Leger day.

On one occasion at Goodwood two horses were started for a long race, and both jockeys were very strictly tied down with waiting orders. The result was that they both came to a full stop in front of the stand, which they had to pass twice, and neither would move until the employer of one of them walked across the course and told his jockey that he might canter in front. The gentleman in question was Mr. Savile, and the horse Blueskin.

It is now definitely settled that the Jockey Club are going to make several alterations in their programme. Monday's racing at Newmarket is to be abolished, and there are to be two July meetings. It is also arranged that the races for the Cesarewitch and the Cambridgeshire shall be held on the Thursdays of their respective meetings, instead of on the Tuesday.

The Whip is run for at the Second October Meeting at Newmarket, and Mr. Warren de la Rue has challenged the present holder, the Duke of Beaufort, with his four-year-old colt Trayles. An acceptance of the challenge has to be signified, or the Whip must be resigned.

The Lancashire Plate of £12,000, at Manchester, 1891, has failed to fill. The Whitsuntide Plate of 1890, reduced to £3,700, obtained 120 subscribers, and large entries were also secured for the Breeders' Foal Stakes at the Whitsuntide and Autumn Meetings of 1891.

The Grand Prix de Paris of 1891 obtained the large number of 389 subscribers of all nations, including the Australian sportsman's (Mr. J. White's) two colts and filly which were previously entered for the English Derby and Oaks. All three are differently bred to Kirkham and Narellan, engaged in next year's Derby, except that both colts are also by Chester, and the filly by Martini-Henry, out of mares bred in New South Wales.

Jem Smith writes to say that John L. Sullivan having failed to cover his deposit and refused to fight him, he shall claim the Championship of the World. As a matter of fact, Sullivan has offered to fight Smith in America, and give very liberal expenses. What Smith may claim will not alter the position that the American now holds.

According to a cablegram from New York, it does not look as if matters will progress further, as it is said that Sullivan will fight no more under London Prize Ring rules. It is also reported in America that Governor Lowry, of Mississipi, has issued peremptory orders for Kilrain's arrest.

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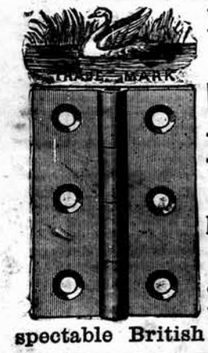

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OUT OF SORTS!—Extract of letter from a Provincial Chemist:—"We have a great sale for your 'FRUIT SALT.' Indeed, I should not like to be without it for my own use; I seldom, if ever, take anything else when out of sorts."

PHYSICAL AND MENTAL TOIL.—"I am working from between six and seven in the morning until ten or eleven at night, and on Sunday morning I wake up as usual a little after six o'clock; but I am glad that it is a day of rest. My head feels large and heavy. I take two teaspoonfuls of your 'Fruit Salt' half an hour before breakfast, and after breakfast it has removed the load from my head, and I feel 'like a giant refreshed with wine.' For years I have received much benefit from your 'Fruit Salt.' I have recommended it to many.—Yours, &c., A SON OF TOIL.—March, 1885. Mr. J. C. ENO.'

IMPORTANT TO MISSIONARIES, NEW GUINEA.—"How I wish I had a dozen bottles of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT!' It is the best medicin I ever had, and the most refreshing drink I have yet tried."—*Explorations by Rev. J. Chalmers, London Missionary Society.*

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CAUTION.—*Legal Rights are protected in every civilised country. Examine each bottle and see that the Capsule is marked ENO'S "FRUIT SALT." Without it you have been imposed on by a* WORTHLESS IMITATION. *Sold by all Chemists, &c. Prepared only at* ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, Pomeroy St., London, S.E., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

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CURES Kidney and Liver Complaints.
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CURES Consumption and General Debility.
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Actually creates New Nervous Fluid and Brain Matter by supplying the Blood with its Electric Life Element—PHOSPHORUS, the very Core and Centre of the Brain itself, restoring the fullest and most vigorous conditions of Robust Health of Body and Mind, and whilst pleasant to the taste, never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood, and thoroughly invigorate the Brain, Nerves, and Muscles. Its energising effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a Feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort, to which the Patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. The bowels become regular. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, the Skin clear and healthy, and the Hair acquires Strength, showing the importance of its action on the Organs of Nutrition.

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For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE
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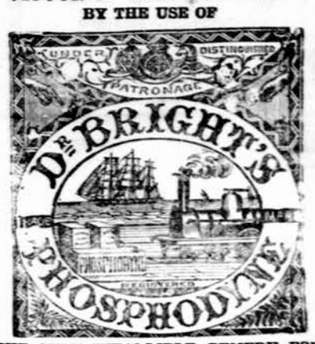

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Cures promptly, without additional means, all recent or chronic discharges of the urinary organs. Sold in Paris by J. FERRÉ (successor to Brou), Pharmacien, 102, rue Richelieu.

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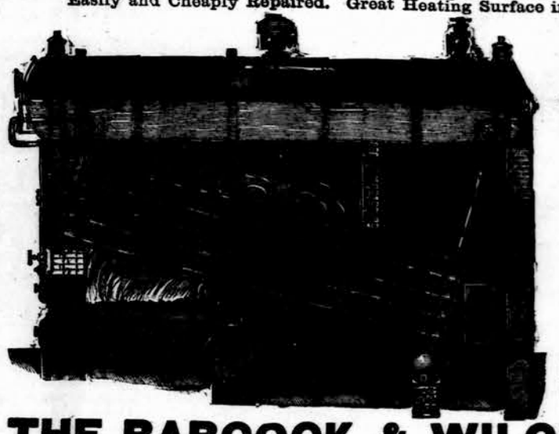

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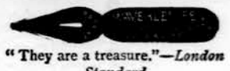
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